Safety data sheet
according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

ORANGE MAGIC 300 ML
Art.: 9029411

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:
Polishing liquid
Sector of use [SU]:
SU 0 - Other
SU 1 - Agriculture, forestry, fishery
SU19 - Building and construction work
SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
Chemical product category [PC]:
PC35 - Washing and cleaning products
Process category [PROC]:
PROC11 - Non industrial spraying
Uses advised against:
No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GB
BTI Befestigungstechnik GmbH & Co. KG, Salzstr. 51, 74653 Ingelfingen, Germany
Phone: +49 7940 141 256, Fax: +49 7940 141 9256
Stefan.Haug@bti.de, www.bti.de

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:
+49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (BRC)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Aquatic Chronic	3	H412-Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Aerosol	1	H222-Extremely flammable aerosol.
Aerosol	1	H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

2.2 Label elements
Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Danger

H412-Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H222-Extremely flammable aerosol. H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

P102-Keep out of reach of children.
P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211-Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251-Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P410+P412-Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.
P501-Dispose of contents/container safely.

EUH208-Contains Reaction mass of: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate and methyl-1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.

2.3 Other hazards
The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Aerosol
3.1 Substance
n.a.
3.2 Mixture

Carbon dioxide	**Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.**
Registration number (REACH)	--
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	204-696-9
CAS	124-38-9
content %	1-5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	---

Fatty alcohol ethoxylate	
Registration number (REACH)	--
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	-
CAS	68439-49-6
content %	1-2,5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

Aminomethoxysilane mixture	
Registration number (REACH)	--
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	-
CAS	69430-37-1
content %	0,25-<1
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)

Reaction mass of: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate and methyl-1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119491304-40-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	915-687-0 (REACH-IT List-No.)
CAS	---
content %	0,01-<0,1
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1/3.2 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation
Remove person from danger area.
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

Skin contact
Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Eye contact
Remove contact lenses.
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.
Ingestion
Typically no exposure pathway.
Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
Give copious water to drink - consult doctor immediately.
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media
Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher
Unsuitable extinguishing media
High volume water jet
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
In case of fire the following can develop:
Oxides of nitrogen
Oxides of carbon
Toxic gases
Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated
Explosive vapour/air mixture
5.3 Advice for firefighters
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
Cool container at risk with water.
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.
Ensure sufficient supply of air.
Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.
6.2 Environmental precautions
Prevent penetration into drains, cellars, working pits or other places in which accumulation could be hazardous.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
If spray or gas escapes, ensure ample fresh air is available.
Active substance:
Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.
6.4 Reference to other sections
For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.
Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.
Take precautions against electrostatic charges.
Do not use on hot surfaces.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
Store product closed and only in original packing.
Observe special regulations for aerosols!
Observe special storage conditions.
Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C.
Store in a well-ventilated place.
Store cool.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

GB	**Chemical Name**	Carbon dioxide	Content %:1-5
WEL-TWA: 5000 ppm (9150 mg/m3) (WEL), 5000 ppm (9000 mg/m3) (EU)	WEL-STEL: 15000 ppm (27400 mg/m3) (WEL)	---	
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-126 B (549 475) - Compur - KITA-126 SA (549 467) - Compur - KITA-126 SB (548 816) - Compur - KITA-126 SF (549 491) - Compur - KITA-126 SG (550 210) - Compur - KITA-126 SH (549 509) - Compur - KITA-126 UH (549 517) - Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 100/a (81 01 811) - Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 0,1%/a (CH 23 501) - Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 0,5%/a (CH 31 401) - Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 1%/a (CH 25 101) - Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 5%/A (CH 20 301)		

- OSHA ID-172 (Carbon dioxide in workplace atmospheres) - 1990 - NIOSH 6603 (Carbon dioxide) - 1994	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---

GB **Chemical Name**	Uncalcined diatomite	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 1,2 mg/m3 (natural, resp. dust)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB **Chemical Name**	Butane	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 600 ppm (1450 mg/m3)	WEL-STEL: 750 ppm (1810 mg/m3)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-221 SA (549 459)	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB **Chemical Name**	Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 800 mg/m3	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581) - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)	
BMGV: ---	Other information: (WEL acc. to RCP-method, EH40)	

GB **Chemical Name**	Paraffin wax and hydrocarbon wax	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 2 mg/m3 (paraffin wax, fume)	WEL-STEL: 6 mg/m3 (paraffin wax, fume)	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

Reaction mass of: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate and methyl-1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,0022	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,00022	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,009	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	1,05	mg/kg	

	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,11	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,21	mg/kg	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	1	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1,25	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,58	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1,25	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	1,25	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,58	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	1,25	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2,5	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2,35	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	2,35	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	2,5	mg/kg	

8.2 Exposure controls
8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:
Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:
Recommended
If applicable
Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374)
Minimum layer thickness in mm:
0,4
Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

> 480
The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 374 Part 3 were not obtained under practical conditions.
The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.
Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:
Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:
Normally not necessary.
If OES or MEL is exceeded.
Filter A P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white
Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:
Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls
No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Aerosol, Active substance: Liquid
Colour:	Light, Beige
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH-value:	Not determined
Melting point/freezing point:	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	n.a.
Flash point:	n.a.
Evaporation rate:	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas):	n.a.
Lower explosive limit:	Not determined
Upper explosive limit:	Not determined
Vapour pressure:	Not determined

Vapour density (air = 1):	Not determined
Density:	0,94 g/cm3 (20°C, Active substance)
Bulk density:	n.a.
Solubility(ies):	Not determined
Water solubility:	Not miscible
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	No
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	Not determined
Explosive properties:	Possible build up of explosive/highly flammable vapour/air mixture. Product is not explosive.
Oxidising properties:	Not determined

9.2 Other information

Miscibility:	Not determined
Fat solubility / solvent:	Not determined
Conductivity:	Not determined
Surface tension:	Not determined
Solvents content:	Not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
The product has not been tested.
10.2 Chemical stability
Stable with proper storage and handling.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
No dangerous reactions are known.
10.4 Conditions to avoid
Heating, open flame, ignition sources
Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting.
10.5 Incompatible materials
Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects
Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

ORANGE MAGIC 300 ML Art.: 9029411						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.

Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.
Other information:						Classification according to calculation procedure.

Carbon dioxide						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Symptoms:						unconsciousness, blisters by skin-contact, vomiting, frostbite, annoyance, palpitations, itching, headaches, cramps, ear noises, dizziness

Fatty alcohol ethoxylate						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>300	mg/kg	Rat		References

Reaction mass of: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate and methyl-1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat		

Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Skin corrosion/irritation:					U.S. EPA 81-5	Not irritant
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	U.S. EPA 81-5	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Sensitising (skin contact)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Yes (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					(Ames-Test)	Negative

Butane						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Symptoms:						ataxia, breathing difficulties, drowsiness, unconsciousness, frostbite, disturbed heart rhythm, headaches, cramps, intoxication, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, < 2% aromatics						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat		Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit		Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5,1	mg/l/4h	Rat		Vapours

Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5,6	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion, Aerosol
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Not irritant, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking., Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Negative
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not sensitizising (Analogous conclusion)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Negative
Aspiration hazard:						Yes

Paraffin wax and hydrocarbon wax						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Skin corrosion/irritation:					(Patch-Test)	Not irritant
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant5d
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant24h
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not sensitizising
Symptoms:						diarrhoea

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							The surfactant(s) contained in this mixture complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.
Other information:							According to the recipe, contains no AOX.

Carbon dioxide							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	35	mg/l	Salmo gairdneri		
12.6. Other adverse effects:							Greenhouse effect
Other information:	Log Kow		0,83				

Fatty alcohol ethoxylate							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	48h	3,5-4,6	mg/l	Oryzias latipes		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	<1	mg/l			
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	>60	%		OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	Readily biodegradable
Other information:	BOD	30d	1760	mg/g			
Other information:	COD		2340	mg/g			

Reaction mass of: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate and methyl-1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	0,97	mg/l	Lepomis macrochirus	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	7,9	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	20	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	

12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	1	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	1,68	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	1,68	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:						OECD 301 E (Ready Biodegradability - Modified OECD Screening Test)	Not readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	DOC	28d	38	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	DOC	28d	38	%	activated sludge	OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Toxicity to bacteria:	IC50	3h	>100	mg/l		OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	
Other information:							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Water solubility:			21,5-29,8	mg/l		OECD 105 (Water Solubility)	@21°C

Uncalcined diatomite							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Inorganic products cannot be eliminated from water through biological purification methods.

Butane							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,98				A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, < 2% aromatics							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LL50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOELR	28d	0,139	mg/l			

12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EL50	48h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOELR	21d	0,361	mg/l			
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EL50	72h	>1000	mg/l	Skeletonema costatum		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Possible
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.a.
Other information:							DOC-elimination degree(complexing organic substance)>= 80%/28d:, n.a.
Other information:	AOX						Does not contain any organically bound halogens which can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.

Paraffin wax and hydrocarbon wax							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	48h	>500	mg/l	Leuciscus idus		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EL50		>10000	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL		>100	mg/l			
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Potentially biologically degradable.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.a.
Water solubility:							Insoluble

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
For the substance / mixture / residual amounts
EC disposal code no.:
The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.
Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)
16 05 04 gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances
Recommendation:
Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Take full aerosol cans to problem waste collection.
Take emptied aerosol cans to valuable material collection.
For contaminated packing material
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Recommendation:
Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container.
15 01 04 metallic packaging

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements
14.1. UN number: 1950
Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
UN 1950 AEROSOLS
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.1
14.4. Packing group: -
Classification code: 5F
LQ (ADR 2015): 1 L
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable
Tunnel restriction code: D
Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
AEROSOLS
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.1
14.4. Packing group: -
EmS: F-D, S-U
Marine Pollutant: n.a
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable
Transport by air (IATA)
14.2. UN proper shipping name:
Aerosols, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.1
14.4. Packing group: -
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.
All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.
Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.
Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.
Danger code and packing code on request.
Comply with special provisions.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

For classification and labelling see Section 2.
Observe restrictions:
Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.
Observe youth employment law (German regulation).
Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): ~ 13 %

REGULATION (EC) No 648/2004

5 % or over but less than 15 %
aliphatic hydrocarbons
less than 5 %
non-ionic surfactants

BENZISOTHIAZOLINONE
METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE

Observe incident regulations.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: 2, 3, 11, 12
These details refer to the product as it is delivered.
Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.
Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H222	Classification according to calculation procedure.

Aerosol 1, H229	Classification based on the form or physical state.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
--- ---
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic
Aerosol — Aerosols
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral
Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation
Aquatic Acute — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute
Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid
Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation
Skin Sens. — Skin sensitization

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

AC Article Categories
acc., acc. to according, according to
ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level
AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
approx. approximately
Art., Art. no. Article number
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BCF Bioconcentration factor
BGV Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)
BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methyl-phenol)
BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)
BOD Biochemical oxygen demand
BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum
bw body weight
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
CEC Coordinating European Council for the Development of Performance Tests for Fuels, Lubricants and Other Fluids

CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques
CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council
CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
COD Chemical oxygen demand
CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association
DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
DOC Dissolved organic carbon
DT50 Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration
DVS Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes)
dw dry weight
e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EC European Community
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
EEA European Economic Area
EEC European Economic Community
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN European Norms
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
ERC Environmental Release Categories
ES Exposure scenario
etc. et cetera
EU European Union
EWC European Waste Catalogue
Fax. Fax number
gen. general
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP Global warming potential
HET-CAM Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane
HGWP Halocarbon Global Warming Potential
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association
IBC Intermediate Bulk Container
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IC Inhibitory concentration
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl. including, inclusive
IUCLID International Uniform ChemicaL Information Database
LC lethal concentration
LC50 lethal concentration 50 percent kill
LCLo lowest published lethal concentration
LD Lethal Dose of a chemical
LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% kill
LDLo Lethal Dose Low
LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration
LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Level

LQ Limited Quantities
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a. not applicable
n.av. not available
n.c. not checked
n.d.a. no data available
NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America)
NOAEC No Observed Adverse Effective Concentration
NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration
NOEL No Observed Effect Level
ODP Ozone Depletion Potential
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org. organic
PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PC Chemical product category
PE Polyethylene
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential
ppm parts per million
PROC Process category
PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
SAR Structure Activity Relationship
SU Sector of use
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
Tel. Telephone
ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand
TOC Total organic carbon
TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances)
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative
WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK).
WHO World Health Organization
wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.
No responsibility.