Safety data sheet
according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

ROST-ES 400 ML
Art.: 9027397

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:
Rust remover
Sector of use [SU]:
SU 0 - Other
SU 1 - Agriculture, forestry, fishery
SU19 - Building and construction work
SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
Chemical product category [PC]:
PC24 - Lubricants, greases, release products
Process category [PROC]:
PROC11 - Non industrial spraying
Uses advised against:
No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GB
BTI Befestigungstechnik GmbH & Co. KG, Salzstr. 51, 74653 Ingelfingen, Germany
Phone:+49 7940 141 141, Fax:+49 7940 141 9141
info@bti.de, www.bti.de

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:
+49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (BRC)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Eye Irrit.	2	H319-Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin Irrit.	2	H315-Causes skin irritation.
Aquatic Chronic	4	H413-May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Aerosol	1	H222-Extremely flammable aerosol.
Aerosol	1	H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

2.2 Label elements
Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Danger

H319-Causes serious eye irritation. H315-Causes skin irritation. H413-May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. H222-Extremely flammable aerosol. H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102-Keep out of reach of children. P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211-Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251-Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P273-Avoid release to the environment. P280-Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P314-Get medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.
P405-Store locked up. P410+P412-Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.
P501-Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal facility.

Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.

2.3 Other hazards
The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
Hazardous to drinking water, on escape of even small quantities.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Aerosol
3.1 Substance
n.a.
3.2 Mixture

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119472146-39-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	918-167-1 (REACH-IT List-No.)
CAS	---
content %	20-40

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	**Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.**
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	603-096-00-8
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	203-961-6
CAS	112-34-5
content %	10-25
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Eye Irrit. 2, H319

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	**Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.**
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	252-104-2
CAS	34590-94-8
content %	10-20
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	---

2-Butoxyethanol	**Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.**
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	603-014-00-0
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	203-905-0
CAS	111-76-2
content %	5-20
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332

Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119456810-40-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	920-901-0 (REACH-IT List-No.)
CAS	(90622-58-5)
content %	5-20
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119480162-45-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	927-285-2 (REACH-IT List-No.)
CAS	---

content %	5-20
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Carbon dioxide	**Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.**
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	204-696-9
CAS	124-38-9
content %	1-5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	---

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures
First-aiders should ensure they are protected!
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!
Inhalation
Remove person from danger area.
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.
If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.
Skin contact
Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.
Eye contact
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.
Ingestion
Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
Do not induce vomiting. Consult doctor immediately.
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.
Inhalation:
Irritation of the respiratory tract
Headaches
Dizziness
Nausea
Effects/damages the central nervous system
Unconsciousness
Liver and kidney damage
Skin contact:
Product removes fat.
Drying of the skin.
Dermatitis (skin inflammation)

Skin resorption
Ingestion:
Irritation of the mouth and throat
Gastrointestinal disturbances
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

CO2
Extinction powder
Water mist
Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:
Oxides of carbon
Hydrocarbons
Toxic gases
Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated
Explosive vapour/air or gas/air mixtures.
Dangerous vapours heavier than air.
In case of spreading near the ground, flashback to distance sources of ignition is possible.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
Cool container at risk with water.
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.
Ensure sufficient supply of air.
Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent penetration into drains, cellars, working pits or other places in which accumulation could be hazardous.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If spray or gas escapes, ensure ample fresh air is available.
Active substance:
Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Avoid inhalation of the vapours.
Ensure good ventilation.
Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.
Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.
Do not use on hot surfaces.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
Observe special regulations for aerosols!
Do not store with flammable or self-igniting materials.
Observe special storage conditions.
Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C.
Store in a well ventilated place.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limit (WEL) of the total hydrocarbon solvent content of the mixture (RCP method according to EH40):
1000 mg/m3

GB	**Chemical Name**	Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Content %:20-40
WEL-TWA: 1200 mg/m3 (>=C7 normal and branched chain alkanes)	WEL-STEL: 2(II) (AGW)	---	
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581) - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)		
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---	

GB	**Chemical Name**	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Content %:10-25

WEL-TWA: 10 ppm (67,5 mg/m3) (WEL, EU)	WEL-STEL: 15 ppm (101,2 mg/m3) (WEL, EU)	---
Monitoring procedures: ---		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB	Chemical Name	(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	Content %:10-20
WEL-TWA: 50 ppm (308 mg/m3) (WEL, EU)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
Monitoring procedures: ---			
BMGV: ---	Other information: Sk (WEL)		

GB	Chemical Name	2-Butoxyethanol	Content %:5-20
WEL-TWA: 25 ppm (123 mg/m3) (WEL), 20 ppm (98 mg/m3) (EU)	WEL-STEL: 50 ppm (246 mg/m3) (WEL, EU)	---	
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-190 U(C) (548 873) DFG (D) (Loesungsmittelgemische 3), DFG (E) (Solvent mixtures 3) - 1998, 2002 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 32-2 (2004)		
BMGV: 240 mmol butoxyacetic acid/mol creatinine in urine, post shift (BMGV)	Other information: Sk (WEL)		

GB	Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Content %:5-20
WEL-TWA: 1200 mg/m3 (>=C7 normal and branched chain alkanes)	WEL-STEL: 2(II) (AGW)	---	
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581) - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		

GB	Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Content %:5-20
WEL-TWA: 800 mg/m3	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581) - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)		
BMGV: ---	Other information: (WEL acc. to RCP-method, EH40)		

GB	Chemical Name	Carbon dioxide	Content %:1-5
WEL-TWA: 5000 ppm (9150 mg/m3) (WEL), 5000 ppm (9000 mg/m3) (EU)	WEL-STEL: 15000 ppm (27400 mg/m3) (WEL)	---	
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-126 B (549 475) - Compur - KITA-126 SA (549 467) - Compur - KITA-126 SB (548 816) - Compur - KITA-126 SF (549 491) - Compur - KITA-126 SG (550 210) - Compur - KITA-126 SH (549 509) - Compur - KITA-126 UH (549 517) - Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 100/a (81 01 811) - Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 0,1%/a (CH 23 501)		

- Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 0,5%/a (CH 31 401) - Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 1%/a (CH 25 101) - Draeger - Carbon Dioxide 5%/A (CH 20 301) - OSHA ID-172 (Carbon dioxide in workplace atmospheres) - 1990 - NIOSH 6603 (Carbon dioxide) - 1994	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---

GB WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). (8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). (8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

8.2 Exposure controls

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	1,1	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,11	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	11	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	4,4	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,44	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,32	mg/kg	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	200	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	60,7	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	50	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	40,5	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	5	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	60,7	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - oral	Long term, local effects	DNEL	67,5	mg/m3	

Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	89	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	83	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	101,2	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	67,5	mg/m3	

2-Butoxyethanol						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	8,8	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,88	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	34,6	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	2,8	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	463	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	3,46	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	9,1	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	44,5	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	426	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	13,4	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	123	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	38	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	49	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3,2	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	89	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	663	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	246	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	75	mg/kg bw/d	

Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	98	mg/m3	

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	19	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	1,9	mg/l	
	Environment - periodic release		PNEC	190	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	4168	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	7,02	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	70,2	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	2,74	mg/kg dry weight	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	15	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	37,2	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1,67	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	65	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	310	mg/m3	

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.
Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.
These are specified by e.g. BS EN 14042.
BS EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:
Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:
Solvent resistant protective gloves (EN 374).
Recommended
Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374)
Minimum layer thickness in mm:
>= 0,4
Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:
>= 480
The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.
The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.
Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:
Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:
Normally not necessary.
If OES or MEL is exceeded.
Filter A2 P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white
Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:
Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls
No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Aerosol. Active substance: liquid.
Colour:	Clear
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH-value:	Not determined
Melting point/freezing point:	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Not determined
Flash point:	62 °C (DIN 53213 (Pensky-Martens, closed cup))
Evaporation rate:	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not determined
Lower explosive limit:	0,9 Vol-%
Upper explosive limit:	Not determined
Vapour pressure:	1,3 hPa (20°C)
Vapour density (air = 1):	Not determined
Density:	0,866 g/cm3 (20°C, DIN 51757)
Bulk density:	Not determined
Solubility(ies):	Not determined
Water solubility:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	No
Auto-ignition temperature:	230 °C (Ignition temperature)
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	Not determined
Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive. Possible build up of explosive/highly flammable vapour/air mixture.
Oxidising properties:	Not determined

9.2 Other information

Miscibility:	Not determined
Fat solubility / solvent:	Not determined
Conductivity:	Not determined
Surface tension:	Not determined
Solvents content:	Not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
The product has not been tested.
10.2 Chemical stability
Stable with proper storage and handling.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
No dangerous reactions are known.
10.4 Conditions to avoid
Heating, open flame, ignition sources
Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting.
Electrostatic charge
10.5 Incompatible materials
Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>20	mg/l/4h			calculated value, Vapours
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>5	mg/l/4h			calculated value, Aerosol
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5000	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Skin corrosion/irritation:					OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking., Not irritant

Serious eye damage/irritation:					OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not sensitizising (Analogous conclusion)
Germ cell mutagenicity:						Analogous conclusion, Negative
Carcinogenicity:					OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Analogous conclusion, Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						Analogous conclusion, No
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						drowsiness, unconsciousness, headaches, dizziness

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	2764	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Negative
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative

Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 475 (Mammalian Bone Marrow Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:				Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, respiratory distress, diarrhoea, coughing, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, watering eyes, nausea

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	7500	mg/kg	Dog		
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	5130	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	19000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	55-60	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Drying of the skin., Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Mild irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Human being		No (skin contact)
Symptoms:						may cause headaches and vertigo., dizziness, drowsiness

2-Butoxyethanol						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	1746	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	2275	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	Does not conform with EU classification .
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	2-20	mg/l	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.4 (DERMAL IRRITATION/CORROSION)	Skin Irrit. 2, Product removes fat.
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:				Rat	OECD 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:	NOAEC	125	ppm	Mouse	OECD 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies)	Negative
Aspiration hazard:						No

Symptoms:						acidosis, ataxia, breathing difficulties, respiratory distress, drowsiness, unconsciousness, annoyance, coughing, headaches, gastrointestinal disturbances, insomnia, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	<69	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), dermal:	NOAEL	>150	mg/kg bw/d	Rabbit	OECD 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity - 90-day Study)	

Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	24h
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5000	mg/m3/ 8h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 478 (Genetic Toxicology - Rodent dominant Lethal Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:				Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						Analogous conclusion, Negative
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						headaches, dizziness

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>4951	mg/m3/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Maximum achievable concentration.

Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizising
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						headaches, dizziness

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

ROST-ES 400 ML Art.: 9027397							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LL0	96h	1000	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EL0	48h	1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna		Analogous conclusion

12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EL0	72h	1000	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata		Analogous conclusion
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	31,3	%			Analogous conclusion
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	96h	>100	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	48h	>=100	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	30min	>1995	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1300	mg/l	Lepomis macrochirus	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>100	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	76	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	100	%	activated sludge	OECD 302 B (Inherent Biodegradability - Zahn-Wellens/EMPA Test)	

Other information:							Does not contain any organically bound halogens which can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Poecilia reticulata	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	22d	>0,5	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	1919	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	96h	>969	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	>70	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		1,01			OECD 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) - Shake Flask Method)	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		<100				
12.4. Mobility in soil:	Koc		0,28				
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	18h	4168	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		

2-Butoxyethanol							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1474	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	>100	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 204 (Fish, Prolonged Toxicity Test - 14-Day Study)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1490	mg/l	Lepomis macrochirus		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	1550	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	100	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	1840	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	286	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	95	%		OECD 301 E (Ready Biodegradability - Modified OECD Screening Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	>99	%		OECD 302 B (Inherent Biodegradability - Zahn-Wellens/EMPA Test)	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		3,2				

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		0,83				Negative
12.4. Mobility in soil:	H (Henry)		0,000 0016	atm*m 3/mol			
12.4. Mobility in soil:	Koc		67				Expert judgement
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC0	16h	700	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412 T.8	

Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LL50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOELR	28d	0,32	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EL50	48h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOELR	21d	1	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErL50	72h	>1000	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOELR	72h	1000	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	31	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Not readily but inherent biodegradable.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Water solubility:							Insoluble

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOELR	21d	1	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EL50	72h	>1000	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	77,6	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
For the substance / mixture / residual amounts
EC disposal code no.:
The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.
Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)
16 05 04 gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances
14 06 03 other solvents and solvent mixtures
Recommendation:
Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Take full aerosol cans to problem waste collection.
Take emptied aerosol cans to valuable material collection.
For contaminated packing material
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Recommendation:
Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

14.1. UN number:	1950

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
UN 1950 AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
Classification code:	5F
LQ:	1 L
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
Tunnel restriction code:	D

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
EmS:	F-D, S-U
Marine Pollutant:	n.a
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable

Transport by air (IATA)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
Aerosols, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.
All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.
Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.
Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.
Danger code and packing code on request.
Comply with special provisions.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:
Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)!
Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XVII
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol
Comply with national regulations/laws governing maternity protection (national implementation of the Directive 92/85/EEC)!
Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 1 - The following categories apply to this product (others may also need to be considered according to storage, handling etc.):

Hazard categories	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
P3a	11.1	150 (netto)	500 (netto)

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 94,6 %
REGULATION (EC) No 648/2004
30 % and more
aliphatic hydrocarbons

Observe incident regulations.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: 2, 3, 11, 13, 16
Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.
These details refer to the product as it is delivered.
Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H222	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H229	Classification based on the form or physical state.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation
Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation
Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic
Aerosol — Aerosols
Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - dermal
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

AC Article Categories
acc., acc. to according, according to
ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level
AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
approx. approximately
Art., Art. no. Article number
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BCF Bioconcentration factor
BGV Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)
BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methyl-phenol)
BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)
BOD Biochemical oxygen demand
BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum
bw body weight
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
CEC Coordinating European Council for the Development of Performance Tests for Fuels, Lubricants and Other Fluids
CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques
CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council
CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
COD Chemical oxygen demand
CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association
DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
DOC Dissolved organic carbon
DT50 Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration
DVS Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes)
dw dry weight

e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EC European Community
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
EEA European Economic Area
EEC European Economic Community
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN European Norms
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
ERC Environmental Release Categories
ES Exposure scenario
etc. et cetera
EU European Union
EWC European Waste Catalogue
Fax. Fax number
gen. general
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP Global warming potential
HET-CAM Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane
HGWP Halocarbon Global Warming Potential
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association
IBC Intermediate Bulk Container
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IC Inhibitory concentration
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl. including, inclusive
IUCLID International Uniform ChemicaL Information Database
LC lethal concentration
LC50 lethal concentration 50 percent kill
LCLo lowest published lethal concentration
LD Lethal Dose of a chemical
LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% kill
LDLo Lethal Dose Low
LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration
LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Level
LQ Limited Quantities
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a. not applicable
n.av. not available
n.c. not checked
n.d.a. no data available
NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America)
NOAEC No Observed Adverse Effective Concentration
NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration
NOEL No Observed Effect Level
ODP Ozone Depletion Potential
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org. organic

PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PC Chemical product category
PE Polyethylene
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential
ppm parts per million
PROC Process category
PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
SAR Structure Activity Relationship
SU Sector of use
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
Tel. Telephone
ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand
TOC Total organic carbon
TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances)
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative
WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK).
WHO World Health Organization
wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.
No responsibility.