Safety data sheet
according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Tacolit Flex PU white 300 ml
Art.: 9095982

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:
Adhesive
Uses advised against:
No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

BTI Befestigungstechnik GmbH & Co. KG
Salzstr. 51
74653 Ingelfingen
Tel.: +49 7940 141 141
Fax: +49 7940 141 9141
Email: info@bti.de
Homepage: www.bti.de

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:
+49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (BRC)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Resp. Sens.	1	H334-May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Danger

H334-May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

P261-Avoid breathing vapours or spray. P284-Wear respiratory protection.
P304+P340-IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P342+P311-If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER / doctor.

EUH204-Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH211-Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Maleic anhydride
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated

2.3 Other hazards
The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
Dangerous vapours heavier than air.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances
n.a.
3.2 Mixtures

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	**Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.**
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119488216-32-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	905-588-0 (REACH-IT List-No.)
CAS	---
content %	1-<10

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (organs of hearing)

Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119489379-17-XXXX
Index	022-006-002
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	236-675-5
CAS	13463-67-7
content %	1-<5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Carc. 2, H351 (as inhalation)

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119457014-47-XXXX
Index	615-005-00-9
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	202-966-0
CAS	101-68-8
content %	0,1-<1
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (respiratory system) (as inhalation)

Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	288-306-2
CAS	85711-46-2
content %	0,1-<1
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Maleic anhydride	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119472428-31-XXXX
Index	607-096-00-9
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	203-571-6
CAS	108-31-6
content %	<0,001

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (as inhalation)

Impurities, test data and additional information may have been taken into account in classifying and labelling the product.
For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures
First-aiders should ensure they are protected!
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!
Inhalation
Remove person from danger area.
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.
Skin contact
Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.
Eye contact
Remove contact lenses.
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.
Ingestion
Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
Give copious water to drink - consult doctor immediately.
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.
The following may occur:
In case of sensitivity, concentrations below the limit value may already result in asthmatic symptoms.
Coughing
Irritation of the respiratory tract
Irritant to mucosa of the nose and throat
Respiratory distress
Oedema of the lungs
Dizziness
Headaches
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media
Adapt to the nature and extent of fire.
Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher
Unsuitable extinguishing media
None known
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
In case of fire the following can develop:
Oxides of carbon
Oxides of nitrogen
Oxides of sulphur
Hydrocyanic acid (hydrogen cyanide)
Hydrogen chloride
Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated
5.3 Advice for firefighters
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
According to size of fire
Full protection, if necessary.
Cool container at risk with water.
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Keep unprotected persons away.
Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.
Ensure sufficient supply of air.
Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.
6.2 Environmental precautions
If leakage occurs, dam up.
Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.
Prevent from entering drainage system.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.
Or:
Allow product to harden.
Pick up mechanically and dispose of according to Section 13.
6.4 Reference to other sections
For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.
7.1 Precautions for safe handling
7.1.1 General recommendations
Ensure good ventilation.

Avoid inhalation of the vapours.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
No contact with products of this type in case of allergies, asthma und chronic respiratory tract disorders.
Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
Store product closed and only in original packing.
Store at room temperature.
Protect from direct sunlight.
Store in a dry place.
Suitable container:
Aluminium

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

GB **Chemical Name**	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Content %:1-<10
WEL-TWA: 220 mg/m3 (50 ppm) (WEL), 50 ppm (221 mg/m3) (EU) (Xylene), 100 ppm (441mg/m3) (WEL), 100 ppm (442 mg/m3) (EU) (Ethylbenzene)	WEL-STEL: 100 ppm (441 mg/m3 (WEL), 100 ppm (442 mg/m3) (EU) (Xylene), 125 ppm (552 mg/m3) (WEL), 200 ppm (884 mg/m3) (EU) (Ethylbenzene)	---
Monitoring procedures:	INSHT MTA/MA-030/A92 (Determination of aromatic hydrocarbons (benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, p-xylene, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene) in air - Charcoal tube method / Gas chromatography) - 1992 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 47-1 (2004) - OSHA 1002 (Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers) Ethylbenzene) - 1999 INSHT MTA/MA-030/A92 (Determination of aromatic hydrocarbons (benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, p-xylene, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene) in air - Charcoal tube method / Gas chromatography) - 1992 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 54-1 (2004) - OSHA 1020 (Trimethylbenzene (mixed isomers)) - 2016 - OSHA PV2091 (Trimethylbenzenes) - 1987 - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581)	

BMGV: 650 mmol methyl hippuric acid/mol creatinine in urine, post shift (Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers) (BMGV) (Xylene)	Other information: Sk (WEL) (Xylene), Sk (WEL) (Ethylbenzene)

GB	**Chemical Name**	Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)	Content %:1-<5

WEL-TWA: 10 mg/m3 (total inhalable dust), 4 mg/m3 (respirable dust)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB	**Chemical Name**	4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Content %:0,1-<1

WEL-TWA: 0,02 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	WEL-STEL: 0,07 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	---
Monitoring procedures:	ISO 16702 (Workplace air quality – determination of total isocyanate groups in air using 2-(1-methoxyphenylpiperazine and liquid chromatography) - 2007 - MDHS 25/4 (Organic isocyanates in air – Laboratory method using sampling either onto 2-(1-methoxyphenylpiperazine coated glass fibre filters followed by solvent desorption or into impingers and analysis using high performance liquid chromatography) - 2015 - - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 7-4 (2004) - NIOSH 5521 (ISOCYANATES, MONOMERIC) - 1994 - NIOSH 5522 (ISOCYANATES) - 1998 - NIOSH 5525 (ISOCYANATES, TOTAL (MAP)) - 2003 - OSHA 18 (Diisocyanates 2,4-TDI and MDI) - 1980 - OSHA 47 (Methylene Bisphenyl Isocyanate (MDI)) - 1984	
BMGV: 1 µmol isocyanate-derived diamine/mol creatinine in urine (At the end of the period of exposure)	Other information: Sen (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	

GB	**Chemical Name**	Maleic anhydride	Content %:<0,001

WEL-TWA: 1 mg/m3	WEL-STEL: 3 mg/m3	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: Sen	

GB	**Chemical Name**	Calcium carbonate	Content %:

WEL-TWA: 4 mg/m3 (respirable dust), 10 mg/m3 (total inhalable dust)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB	**Chemical Name**	Silicon dioxide - amorphous	Content %:

WEL-TWA: 6 mg/m3 (total inh. dust), 2,4 mg/m3 (resp. dust)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB	**Chemical Name**	Poly vinyl chloride	Content %:

WEL-TWA: 10 mg/m3 (total inh. dust), 4 mg/m3 (res. dust)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,327	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,327	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	6,58	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	12,46	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	12,46	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	2,31	mg/kg dw	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	12,5	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	65,3	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	260	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	65,3	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	260	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	221	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	221	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	442	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	212	mg/kg bw/d	

Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,184	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,0184	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,193	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	100	mg/l	

	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	1000	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	100	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	100	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	1667	mg/kg feed	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	700	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	10	mg/m3	

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	1	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,1	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	1	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	1	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	10	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	20	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	17,2	mg/cm2	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	25	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,025	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,025	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	28,7	mg/cm2	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	50	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,1	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,1	mg/m3	

Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	

Maleic anhydride						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,04281	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,004281	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,4281	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	44,6	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,334	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,0334	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,0415	mg/l	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,04	mg/kg body weight/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,8	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,04	mg/cm2	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,8	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,04	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,4	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,04	mg/kg body weight/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,4	mg/m3	

Silicon dioxide - amorphous

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	4	mg/m3	

GB WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.
(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

8.2 Exposure controls
8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.
Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.
These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.
EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:
Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:
Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374).
If applicable
Protective gloves made of butyl (EN 374).
Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374).

Protective Neoprene® / polychloroprene gloves (EN 374).
Minimum layer thickness in mm:
0,4
Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:
> 480
The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.
The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.
Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:
Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:
Normally not necessary.
If OES or MEL is exceeded.
Filter A2 P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white
Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:
Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls
No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Paste, liquid.
Colour:	White
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH-value:	Not determined
Melting point/freezing point:	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Not determined
Flash point:	n.a.
Evaporation rate:	Not determined

Flammability (solid, gas):	Not combustible.
Lower explosive limit:	n.a.
Upper explosive limit:	n.a.
Vapour pressure:	Not determined
Vapour density (air = 1):	>1
Density:	1,3 g/cm3 (20°C)
Bulk density:	Not determined
Solubility(ies):	Organic solvents
Water solubility:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	Not determined
Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive.
Oxidising properties:	No

9.2 Other information

Miscibility:	Not determined
Fat solubility / solvent:	Not determined
Conductivity:	Not determined
Surface tension:	Not determined
Solvents content:	Not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
The product has not been tested.
10.2 Chemical stability
Stable with proper storage and handling.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
No dangerous reactions are known.
10.4 Conditions to avoid
Heating, open flame, ignition sources
10.5 Incompatible materials
None known
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects
Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Tacolit Flex PU white 300 ml Art.: 9095982						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value

Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>20	mg/l/4h			Vapours, calculated value
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>5	mg/l/4h			Aerosol, calculated value
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	3523-4000	mg/kg	Rat	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.1 (ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY)	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	No (skin contact)
Symptoms:						drowsiness, headaches, fatigue, dizziness, unconsciousness, nausea and vomiting.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE), inhalative:						Irritation of the respiratory tract, STOT SE 3, H335

Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Up-and-Down Procedure)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LD50	>6,8	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Mechanical irritation possible.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Not sensitizising
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	(Ames-Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):				Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	No indications of such an effect.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						Not irritant (respiratory tract).

Symptoms:						mucous membrane irritation, coughing, respiratory distress, drying of the skin.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	3500	mg/kg/d	Rat		90d
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEC	10	mg/m3	Rat		90d

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.1 (ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>9400	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	1,5	mg/l/4h			Aerosol, Expert judgement.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	0,368	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Aerosol, Does not conform with EU classification .
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Skin Irrit. 2, Analogous conclusion
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig		Yes (inhalation)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Skin Sens. 1
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative

Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 489 (In Vivo Mammalian Alkaline Comet Assay)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Carcinogenicity:				Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect., Aerosol, Analogous conclusion
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	4	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Aerosol, Analogous conclusion
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEL	0,2	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Aerosol, Analogous conclusion
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	LOAEL	1		Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Aerosol, Analogous conclusion
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE), inhalative:						Target organ(s): respiratory system, Irritation of the respiratory tract
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:						Target organ(s): respiratory system, Positive

Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat		

Maleic anhydride

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	1090	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	2620	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>4,35	mg/l/4h	Mouse		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Human being		Corrosive
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rat		Corrosive
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Corrosive, Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Sensitising (skin contact)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Rat		Sensitising (inhalation)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					bacterial	References, Negative
Carcinogenicity:	NOAEL	>100	mg/kg bw/d	Rat		oral
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEC	650	mg/kg bw/d	Rat		
Symptoms:						asthmatic symptoms, breathing difficulties, respiratory distress, burning of the membranes of the nose and throat, blisters, coughing, headaches, gastrointestinal disturbances, mucous membrane irritation, watering eyes, nausea

Calcium carbonate

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 420 (Acute Oral toxicity - Fixe Dose Procedure)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>3	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Mechanical irritation possible.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					in vitro	Negative
Carcinogenicity:						Negative, administered as Ca-lactate
Reproductive toxicity:						Negative, administered as Ca-carbonate

Silicon dioxide - amorphous						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5110	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	(Ames-Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:						Negative

Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	>497	mg/kg bw/d			No indications of such an effect.
Aspiration hazard:						No
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	0,035	mg/l			Negative

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Tacolit Flex PU white 300 ml Art.: 9095982							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.
Other information:							According to the recipe, contains no AOX.
Other information:							DOC-elimination degree(complexing organic substance)>= 80%/28d:

Other information:							With water at the interface, transforms slowly with formation of CO2 into a firm, insoluble reaction product with a high melting point (polycarbamide). According to experience available to date, polycarbamide is inert and non-degradable.

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	90	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		25,9				Low, Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	2,6	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	IC50	24h	1	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	2,2	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	Analogous conclusion

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>100	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	>100	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	16	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	U.S. EPA-600/9-78-018	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not relevant for inorganic substances.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	42d	9,6				Not to be expected
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	14d	19-352				Oncorhynchus mykiss
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Negative
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:			>5000	mg/l	Escherichia coli		
Toxicity to bacteria:	LC0	24h	>10000	mg/l	Pseudomonas fluorescens		
Toxicity to annelids:	NOEC/NOEL		>1000	mg/kg	Eisenia foetida		
Water solubility:							Insoluble20° C

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Other information:	H (Henry)		0,0229				

Other information:							According to experience available to date, polycarbamide is inert and non-degradable., With water at the interface, transforms slowly with formation of CO2 into a firm, insoluble reaction product with a high melting point (polycarbamide).
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	Analogous conclusion

12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	0	%		OECD 302 C (Inherent Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (II))	Not biodegradable, With water at the interface, transforms slowly with formation of CO2 into a firm, insoluble reaction product with a high melting point (polycarbamide)., According to experience available to date, polycarbamide is inert and non-degradable.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	>10	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		5,22				A notable biological accumulation potential has to be expected (LogPow > 3).
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	72h	>1640	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	Analogous conclusion

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	28d	200		Cyprinus caprio	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	Not to be expected
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to annelids:	EC50	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Eisenia foetida	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	Analogous conclusion
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>100	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	Analogous conclusion
Toxicity to annelids:	NOEC/NOEL	14d	> 1000	mg/kg	Lumbricus terrestris	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	Analogous conclusion

Maleic anhydride							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	75	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	42,81	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	74,32	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		7d	98	%		OECD 301 E (Ready Biodegradability - Modified OECD Screening Test)	Hydrolysis
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-2,61				Not to be expected
12.4. Mobility in soil:	Koc		1				Not to be expected

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	18h	44,6	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	References

Calcium carbonate							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>100	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>100	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>14	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>1000	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	
Toxicity to annelids:					Eisenia foetida	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	Negative
Water solubility:			0,014	g/l			

Silicon dioxide - amorphous							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>10000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not relevant for inorganic substances.

12.1. Toxicity to algae:	IC50	72h	440	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	60	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	

Poly vinyl chloride							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not biodegradable

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
For the substance / mixture / residual amounts
EC disposal code no.:
The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.
Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)
08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Recommendation:
Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
E.g. suitable incineration plant.
E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.
For contaminated packing material
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Empty container completely.
Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.
Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.
15 01 10 packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements
14.1. UN number: n.a.
Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)
14.2. UN proper shipping name:
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): n.a.
14.4. Packing group: n.a.
Classification code: n.a.

LQ:	n.a.
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
Tunnel restriction code:	

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	n.a.
14.4. Packing group:	n.a.
Marine Pollutant:	n.a
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable

Transport by air (IATA)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	n.a.
14.4. Packing group:	n.a.
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Unless specified otherwise, general measures for safe transport must be followed.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Non-dangerous material according to Transport Regulations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:
Comply with national regulations/laws governing maternity protection (national implementation of the Directive 92/85/EEC)!
Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XVII
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate
Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC):	15,2 %

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections:	2, 3, 11, 12, 15

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.
Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Resp. Sens. 1, H334	Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation.
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Resp. Sens. — Respiratory sensitization
Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - dermal
Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation
Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard
Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation
STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - respiratory tract irritation
STOT RE — Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
Carc. — Carcinogenicity
Skin Sens. — Skin sensitization
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral
Skin Corr. — Skin corrosion
Eye Dam. — Serious eye damage

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to
ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
approx. approximately
Art., Art. no. Article number
ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate
BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BSEF The International Bromine Council
bw body weight

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
dw dry weight
e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EC European Community
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
EEC European Economic Community
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN European Norms
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
etc. et cetera
EU European Union
EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer
Fax. Fax number
gen. general
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP Global warming potential
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl. including, inclusive
IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database
IUPACInternational Union for Pure Applied Chemistry
LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
LQ Limited Quantities
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a. not applicable
n.av. not available
n.c. not checked
n.d.a. no data available
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org. organic
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PE Polyethylene
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
ppm parts per million
PVC Polyvinylchloride
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
Tel. Telephone
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative
wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.
No responsibility.