Safety data sheet
according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

ANTI BAKTERIEN DIES.ADDITIV 1 L
Art.: 5150

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Additives
Biocide

Uses advised against:

No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GB

LIQUI MOLY GmbH, Jerg-Wieland-Str. 4, 89081 Ulm-Lehr, Germany
Phone:(+49) 0731-1420-0, Fax:(+49) 0731-1420-88

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:

+49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (LMR)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Eye Dam.	1	H318-Causes serious eye damage.
Asp. Tox.	1	H304-May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Aquatic Chronic	2	H411-Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Skin Corr.	1C	H314-Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Danger

H304-May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H411-Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H314-Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102-Keep out of reach of children.
P260-Do not breathe vapours or spray. P273-Avoid release to the environment. P280-Wear protective gloves / protective clothing and eye protection / face protection.
P301+P310+P331-IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303+P361+P353-IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P305+P351+P338-IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P315-Get immediate medical advice / attention.
P405-Store locked up.
P501-Dispose of contents / container to special waste collection point.

EUH044-Risk of explosion if heated under confinement.

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics
3,3'-Methylenebis[5-methyloxazolidine]

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
When using: development of flammable vapour/air mixture possible.
Product can compose a film on the water surface, which can prevent oxygen exchange.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substance

n.a.

3.2 Mixture

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119457273-39-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	918-481-9 (REACH-IT List-No.)
CAS	---
content %	20-50
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Asp. Tox. 1, H304

2-Ethylhexylnitrate	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119539586-27-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	248-363-6
CAS	27247-96-7
content %	25-30

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

3,3'-Methylenebis[5-methyloxazolidine]	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	266-235-8
CAS	66204-44-2
content %	10-<25
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318

2-Ethylhexanol	**Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.**
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119487289-20-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	203-234-3
CAS	104-76-7
content %	1-5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT SE 3, H335

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1/3.2 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.
If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.

Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
Do not induce vomiting - give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.
In case of vomiting, keep head low so that the stomach content does not reach the lungs.
Danger of aspiration

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Corrosive burns on skin as well as mucous membrane possible.
Necrosis
Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Danger of blindness
Ingestion:
Pain in the mouth and throat
Oesophageal perforation
Gastric perforation
Methhaemoglobin formation

Danger of aspiration
Oedema of the lungs
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.
There should be an eyewash station and safety shower located near the area of use.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

CO2
Extinction powder
Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:
Oxides of carbon
Oxides of nitrogen
Hydrocarbons
Toxic pyrolysis products.
Flammable vapour/air mixtures

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
According to size of fire
Full protection, if necessary.
Cool container at risk with water.
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.
Ensure sufficient supply of air.
Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.
If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.
Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.
Prevent from entering drainage system.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.
Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.
Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.

Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
Store product closed and only in original packing.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
Solvent resistant floor
Do not store with oxidizing agents.
Store in a well ventilated place.
Protect from direct sunlight and warming.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limit (WEL) of the total hydrocarbon solvent content of the mixture (RCP method according to EH40):
800 mg/m3

GB **Chemical Name**	Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics		Content %:20-50
WEL-TWA: 800 mg/m3	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581) - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)		
BMGV: ---		Other information: (WEL acc. to RCP-method, EH40)	

GB **Chemical Name**	2-Ethylhexanol		Content %:1-5
WEL-TWA: 1 ppm (5,4 mg/m3) (EU)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Alcohol 100/a (CH 29 701)		
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---	

GB **Chemical Name**	Oil mist, mineral		Content %:
WEL-TWA: 5 mg/m3 (ACGIH)	WEL-STEL: 10 mg/m3 (ACGIH)	---	
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Oil 10/a-P (67 28 371) - Draeger - Oil Mist 1/a (67 33 031)		
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---	

GB WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

2-Ethylhexylnitrate						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**

	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,8	µg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,08	µg/l	
	Environment - sediment		PNEC	0,00074	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,000191	mg/kg dw	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,52	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,087	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,025	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,022	mg/cm2	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,35	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,044	mg/cm2	

2-Ethylhexanol						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,017	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,0017	mg/l	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,17	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	10	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		DNEL	28	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,028	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,047	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	55	mg/kg feed	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1,1	mg/kg body weight/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	53,2	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	11,4	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2,3	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	1,1	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	106,4	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	23	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	53,2	mg/m3	

8.2 Exposure controls
8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.
Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.
These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.

EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:
Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).
If applicable
Face protection (EN 166)

Skin protection - Hand protection:
Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374).
If applicable
Protective Viton® / fluoroelastomer gloves (EN 374)
Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374)
Protective Neoprene® / polychloroprene gloves (EN 374).
Minimum layer thickness in mm:
0,5
Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:
>= 120
The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 374 Part 3 were not obtained under practical conditions.
The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.
Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:
Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:
If OES or MEL is exceeded.
Gas mask filter A (EN 14387), code colour brown
At high concentrations:
Respiratory protection appliance (insulation device) (e.g. EN 137 or EN 138)
Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:
Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	Brown, Clear
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH-value:	Not determined
Melting point/freezing point:	Not determined

Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Not determined
Flash point:	63 °C
Evaporation rate:	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not determined
Lower explosive limit:	Not determined
Upper explosive limit:	Not determined
Vapour pressure:	Not determined
Vapour density (air = 1):	Vapours heavier than air.
Density:	0,895 g/ml (15°C)
Bulk density:	n.a.
Solubility(ies):	Not determined
Water solubility:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	<7 mm2/s
Explosive properties:	Not determined
Oxidising properties:	No

9.2 Other information

Miscibility:	Not determined
Fat solubility / solvent:	Not determined
Conductivity:	Not determined
Surface tension:	Not determined
Solvents content:	Not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
The product has not been tested.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Risk of explosion if heated under confinement.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Heating, open flame, ignition sources

10.5 Incompatible materials
Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.
Avoid contact with strong acids.
Reducing agent

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects
Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>20	mg/l/4h			calculated value, Vapours
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	3,37	mg/l/4h			calculated value, Aerosol
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.

Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>3160	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>4951	mg/m3	Rat		Vapours
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Other information:						Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2-Ethylhexylnitrate

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>9640	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						Experiences on persons., Harmful
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LDLo	4820	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						Experiences on persons., Harmful
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LCLo	>4,6	mg/l/1h	Rat		Mist
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Mild irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:					OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	100	mg/kg		OECD 421 (Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)	
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	20	mg/kg bw/d			Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	20	mg/kg bw/d		OECD 421 (Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)	

Symptoms:						drying of the skin., may cause headaches and vertigo., nausea, drop in blood pressure, diarrhoea, unconsciousness

3,3'-Methylenebis[5-methyloxazolidine]

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	900	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	2	mg/l/4h	Rat		Mist
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Corrosive
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Corrosive
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Negative

2-Ethylhexanol

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	3290	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>3000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	2,7	mg/l/4h			Aerosol
Skin corrosion/irritation:					OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:					OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig		No
Carcinogenicity:	NOAEL	750	mg/kg bw/d			
Symptoms:						unconsciousness, drop in blood pressure, vomiting, headaches, cramps, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	200	mg/kg bw/d	Mouse		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEC	0,6384	mg/l	Rat		

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).
See section 2.

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Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.

12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Isolate as much as possible with an oil separator.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.
Other information:							According to the recipe, contains no AOX.

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LL50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EL50	48h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EL50	72h	>1000	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
Other organisms:	EL50	48h	>1000	mg/l	Tetrahymen pyriformis		

2-Ethylhexylnitrate

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1,88	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>12,6	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>12,6	mg/l			
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	0	%			Not readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	0	%		OECD 310 (Ready Biodegradability - CO2 in sealed vessels (Headspace Test))	Not readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		1332				
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		3,74-5,24				A notable biological accumulation potential has to be expected (LogPow > 3).
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		5,24				
12.4. Mobility in soil:	Log Koc		3,8				
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Other information:	AOX		0	%			No
Water solubility:							Slight

3,3'-Methylenebis[5-methyloxazolidine]

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes

12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	57,7	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	37,9	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	5,7	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:			>60	%	activated sludge	OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-0,3				
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50		44	mg/l	activated sludge		
Other information:							Does not contain any organically bound halogens which can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.

2-Ethylhexanol

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	17,1	mg/l	Leuciscus idus	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 C.1 (ACUTE TOXICITY FOR FISH)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	39	mg/l	Daphnia magna	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 C.2 (DAPHNIA SP. ACUTE IMMOBILISATION TEST)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	11,5	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 C.3 (FRESHWATER ALGAE AND CYANOBACTERIA, GROWTH INHIBITION TEST)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	COD	14d	100	%			Readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	DOC	5d	> 95	%		OECD 302 B (Inherent Biodegradability - Zahn-Wellens/EMPA Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,3-3,2				Low
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Not to be expected

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	24h	>300	mg/l	activated sludge		

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

Soaked polluted cloths, paper or other organic materials represent a fire hazard and should be controlled, collected and disposed of.
EC disposal code no.:
The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.
Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)
13 07 03 other fuels (including mixtures)
Recommendation:
Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Implement substance recycling.
E.g. suitable incineration plant.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Empty container completely.
Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.
Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

14.1. UN number: 1760

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
UN 1760 CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (3,3'-METHYLENEBIS[5-METHYLOXAZOLIDINE],2-ETHYLHEXYL NITRATE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 8
14.4. Packing group: II
Classification code: C9
LQ: 1 L
14.5. Environmental hazards: environmentally hazardous
Tunnel restriction code: E

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (3,3'-METHYLENEBIS[5-METHYLOXAZOLIDINE],2-ETHYLHEXYL NITRATE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 8
14.4. Packing group: II
EmS: F-A, S-B
Marine Pollutant: Yes
14.5. Environmental hazards: environmentally hazardous

Transport by air (IATA)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (3,3'-METHYLENEBIS[5-METHYLOXAZOLIDINE],2-ETHYLHEXYL NITRATE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 8
14.4. Packing group: II
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.
All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.
Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.
Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.
Danger code and packing code on request.
Comply with special provisions.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:
Comply with national regulations/laws governing maternity protection and the protection of young people at work!
Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 1 - The following categories apply to this product (others may also need to be considered according to storage, handling etc.):

Hazard categories	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
E2		200	500

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 2 - This product contains the substances listed below:

Entry Nr	Dangerous substances	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
21	Propylene oxide		5	50

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 621 g/l

Additional data acc. to Art. 69 (2), Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 (Biocide products):
The identity of every active substance and its concentration in metric units:
3,3'-Methylenebis[5-methyloxazolidine]
18 g/100 g
The uses:
Preservation
Biocidal product authorisation number (Regulation (EU) No. 528/2012):
n.d.a.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: 2.1, 3, 8, 15
These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.
Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Corr. 1C, H314	Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Eye Dam. — Serious eye damage
Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard
Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic
Skin Corr. — Skin corrosion
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - dermal
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation
Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation
Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation
STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - respiratory tract irritation

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

AC Article Categories
acc., acc. to according, according to
ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level
AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
approx. approximately
Art., Art. no. Article number
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BCF Bioconcentration factor
BGV Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)
BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methyl-phenol)
BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)
BOD Biochemical oxygen demand
BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum
bw body weight

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
CEC Coordinating European Council for the Development of Performance Tests for Fuels, Lubricants and Other Fluids
CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques
CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council
CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
COD Chemical oxygen demand
CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association
DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
DOC Dissolved organic carbon
DT50 Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration
DVS Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes)
dw dry weight
e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EC European Community
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
EEA European Economic Area
EEC European Economic Community
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN European Norms
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
ERC Environmental Release Categories
ES Exposure scenario
etc. et cetera
EU European Union
EWC European Waste Catalogue
Fax. Fax number
gen. general
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP Global warming potential
HET-CAM Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane
HGWP Halocarbon Global Warming Potential
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association
IBC Intermediate Bulk Container
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IC Inhibitory concentration
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl. including, inclusive
IUCLID International Uniform ChemicaL Information Database
LC lethal concentration
LC50 lethal concentration 50 percent kill
LCLo lowest published lethal concentration
LD Lethal Dose of a chemical
LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% kill
LDLo Lethal Dose Low
LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration
LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Level
LQ Limited Quantities
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a. not applicable
n.av. not available
n.c. not checked
n.d.a. no data available
NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America)
NOAEC No Observed Adverse Effective Concentration
NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration
NOEL No Observed Effect Level

ODP Ozone Depletion Potential
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org. organic
PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PC Chemical product category
PE Polyethylene
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential
ppm parts per million
PROC Process category
PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
SAR Structure Activity Relationship
SU Sector of use
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
Tel. Telephone
ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand
TOC Total organic carbon
TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances)
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative
WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK).
WHO World Health Organization
wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.
No responsibility.
These statements were made by:

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