Safety data sheet
according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Grundierfueller
Primer Filler

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:
Priming
Corrosion protection

Uses advised against:
No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

LIQUI MOLY GmbH
Jerg-Wieland-Str. 4
89081 Ulm-Lehr
Tel.: (+49) 0731-1420-0
Fax: (+49) 0731-1420-88

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:
+49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (LMR)
+1 872 5888271 (LMR)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Eye Irrit.	2	H319-Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin Sens.	1	H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction.
STOT SE	3	H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aquatic Chronic	2	H411-Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Aerosol	1	H222-Extremely flammable aerosol.
Aerosol	1	H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Danger

H319-Causes serious eye irritation. H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411-Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H222-Extremely flammable aerosol. H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102-Keep out of reach of children.
P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211-Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251-Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261-Avoid breathing vapours or spray. P271-Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273-Avoid release to the environment. P280-Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P302+P352-IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap. P305+P351+P338-IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P312-Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor if you feel unwell.
P405-Store locked up. P410+P412-Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.
P501-Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal facility.

EUH066-Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.
n-butyl acetate
Acetone
Butan-1-ol
Reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin)

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any substance with endocrine disrupting properties (< 0,1 %).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Aerosol

3.1 Substances

n.a.

3.2 Mixtures

Dimethyl ether	Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119472128-37-XXXX
Index	603-019-00-8
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	204-065-8
CAS	115-10-6
content %	25-<50
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Flam. Gas 1A, H220

Acetone	Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119471330-49-XXXX
Index	606-001-00-8
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	200-662-2
CAS	67-64-1
content %	10-<25

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	EUH066 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

n-butyl acetate	**Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.**
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	607-025-00-1
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	204-658-1
CAS	123-86-4
content %	10-<25
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	EUH066 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336

Xylene	**Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.**
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	601-022-00-9
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	215-535-7
CAS	1330-20-7
content %	1-<5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315

Butan-1-ol	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	603-004-00-6
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	200-751-6
CAS	71-36-3
content %	1-<3
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336

Zinc oxide	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	030-013-00-7
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	215-222-5
CAS	1314-13-2
content %	1-<2,5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)

Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	030-011-00-6
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	231-944-3
CAS	7779-90-0
content %	1-<2,5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)

Reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin)	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	603-074-00-8
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	500-033-5
CAS	25068-38-6
content %	1-<2,5

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Specific Concentration Limits and ATE	Skin Irrit. 2, H315: >=5 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: >=5 %

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures
First-aiders should ensure they are protected!
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

Inhalation
Remove person from danger area.
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.
If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.

Skin contact
Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Eye contact
Remove contact lenses.
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

Ingestion
Typically no exposure pathway.
Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
Give copious water to drink - consult doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.
The following may occur:
Irritation of the respiratory tract
Coughing
Headaches
Dizziness
Effects/damages the central nervous system
With long-term contact:
drying of the skin.
Dermatitis (skin inflammation)
Allergic reaction

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media
CO2
Extinction powder
Water jet spray
Alcohol resistant foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media
High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:
Oxides of carbon
Toxic gases
Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated
Explosive vapour/air or gas/air mixtures.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

For personal protective equipment see Section 8.
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
According to size of fire
Full protection, if necessary.
Cool container at risk with water.
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

In case of spillage or accidental release, wear personal protective equipment as specified in section 8 to prevent contamination.
Ensure sufficient ventilation, remove sources of ignition.
Avoid dust formation with solid or powder products.
Leave the danger zone if possible, use existing emergency plans if necessary.
Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.
Ensure sufficient supply of air.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

6.1.2 For emergency responders

See section 8 for suitable protective equipment and material specifications.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent penetration into drains, cellars, working pits or other places in which accumulation could be hazardous.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If spray or gas escapes, ensure ample fresh air is available.
Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.
Active substance:
Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.
Avoid inhalation of the vapours.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.
Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.
Do not use on hot surfaces.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
Store product closed and only in original packing.
Observe special regulations for aerosols!
Observe special storage conditions.
Do not store with flammable or self-igniting materials.
Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C.
Store in a well-ventilated place.
Store cool.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

GB **Chemical Name**	Dimethyl ether	
WEL-TWA: 400 ppm (766 mg/m3) (WEL), 1000 ppm (1920 mg/m3) (EU)	WEL-STEL: 500 ppm (958 mg/m3) (WEL)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-123 S (549 129)	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB **Chemical Name**	Acetone	
WEL-TWA: 500 ppm (1210 mg/m3) (WEL, EU)	WEL-STEL: 1500 ppm (3620 mg/m3) (WEL)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Acetone 100/b (CH 22 901) - Draeger - Acetone 40/a (5) (81 03 381) - Compur - KITA-102 SA (548 534) - Compur - KITA-102 SC (548 550) - Compur - KITA-102 SD (551 109) - INSHT MTA/MA-031/A96 (Determination of ketones (acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl isobutyl ketone) in air - Charcoal tube method / Gas chromatography) - 1996 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 67-1 (2004) - MDHS 72 (Volatile organic compounds in air – Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, thermal desorption and gas chromatography) - 1993 - NIOSH 1300 (KETONES I) - 1994 - NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996 - NIOSH 2555 (KETONES I) - 2003 - NIOSH 3800 (ORGANIC AND INORGANIC GASES BY EXTRACTIVE FTIR SPECTROMETRY) - 2016 - OSHA 69 (Acetone) - 1988	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB **Chemical Name**	n-butyl acetate	
WEL-TWA: 150 ppm (724 mg/m3) (WEL), 50 ppm (241 mg/m3) (EU)	WEL-STEL: 200 ppm (966 mg/m3) (WEL), 150 ppm (723 mg/m3) (EU)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-138 U (548 857) - Compur - KITA-139 SB(C) (549 731) - NIOSH 1450 (ESTERS 1) - 2003 - NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996 - OSHA 1009 (n-Butyl Acetate Isobutyl Acetate sec-Butyl Acetate tert-Butyl Acetate) - 2007	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB **Chemical Name**	Xylene	
WEL-TWA: 220 mg/m3 (50 ppm) (WEL), 50 ppm (221 mg/m3) (EU)	WEL-STEL: 100 ppm (441 mg/m3 (WEL), 100 ppm (442 mg/m3) (EU)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Xylene 10/a (67 33 161) - Compur - KITA-143 SA (550 325) - Compur - KITA-143 SB (505 998)	

	INSHT MTA/MA-030/A92 (Determination of aromatic hydrocarbons (benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, p-xylene, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene) in air - Charcoal tube method / Gas - chromatography) - 1992 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 47-1 (2004) - NIOSH 1501 (HYDROCARBONS, AROMATIC) - 2003 - NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996 - OSHA 1002 (Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers) Ethylbenzene) - 1999
BMGV: 650 mmol methyl hippuric acid/mol creatinine in urine, post shift (Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers) (BMGV)	Other information: Sk (WEL)

GB **Chemical Name**	Butan-1-ol	
WEL-TWA: ---	WEL-STEL: 50 ppm (154 mg/m3)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Alcohol 25/a n-Butanol (81 01 631) - Compur - KITA-190 U(C) (548 873) - NIOSH 1400 (ALCOHOLS I) - 1994 - NIOSH 1401 (ALCOHOLS II) - 1994 - NIOSH 1405 (ALCOHOLS COMBINED) - 2003 - NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996 - Draeger - Alcohol 100/a (CH 29 701)	
BMGV: ---	Other information: Sk	

Dimethyl ether

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,155	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,681	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,045	mg/kg	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	160	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,016	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	1,549	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,069	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	471	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1894	mg/m3	

Acetone

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - marine		PNEC	1,06	mg/l	Assesment factor 500
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	10,6	mg/l	Assesment factor 50
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	30,4	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	3,04	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	29,5	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	19,5	mg/l	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	21	mg/l	Assesment factor 100
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	62	mg/kg bw/day	Overall assesment factor 2

Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	62	mg/kg bw/day	Overall assesment factor 20
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	200	mg/m3	Overall assesment factor 5
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	186	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	2420	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1210	mg/m3	

n-butyl acetate

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,18	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,018	mg/l	
	Environment - periodic release		PNEC	0,36	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,981	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,0981	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,0903	mg/kg	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	35,6	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3,4	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	300	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	35,7	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	300	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	35,7	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	6	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	2	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	600	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	300	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	7	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	11	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	600	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	300	mg/m3	

Xylene

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,327	mg/l	

	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	12,46	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	2,31	mg/kg	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,327	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	12,46	mg/kg	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	6,58	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	174	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	174	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	108	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	14,8	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	289	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	289	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	77	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	180	mg/kg	

Butan-1-ol

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,082	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,0082	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	2476	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,178	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,0178	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,015	mg/kg	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	2,25	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	55	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3,125	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	310	mg/m3	

Zinc oxide

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	20,6	µg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	6,1	µg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	100	µg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	117,8	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	56,5	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	35,6	mg/kg dw	

Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	3,1	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	1,5	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	83	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2,5	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,83	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	83	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	6223	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, local effects	DNEL	83	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,5	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - oral	Short term, local effects	DNEL	62,2	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	6,2	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	5	mg/m3	

Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	20,6	µg/l	Zn
	Environment - marine		PNEC	6,1	µg/l	Zn
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	117,8	mg/kg dry weight	Zn
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	56,5	mg/kg dry weight	Zn
	Environment - soil		PNEC	35,6	mg/kg dw	Zn
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	100	µg/l	Zn
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	83	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2,5	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,83	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	83	mg/kg bw/day	Zn, soluble
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	5	mg/m3	Zn, insoluble

Reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin)

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,003	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,0003	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,018	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	10	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,5	mg/kg dw	

	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,5	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,05	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	11	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	3,571	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,75	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,75	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,75	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,75	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3,6	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	8,33	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	12,25	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	8,3	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	12,3	mg/m3	

GB WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.
(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

8.2 Exposure controls
8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.
Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.
These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.
EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:
Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:
Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN ISO 374).

Recommended
Protective gloves in butyl rubber (EN ISO 374).
Minimum layer thickness in mm:
>= 0,5
Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:
<= 480
The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.
The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.
Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:
Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:
If OES or MEL is exceeded.
Filter A2 P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white
At high concentrations:
Respiratory protection appliance (insulation device) (e.g. EN 137 or EN 138)
Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:
Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls
No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Aerosol. Active substance: liquid.
Colour:	Grey
Odour:	Characteristic
Melting point/freezing point:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Flammability:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Lower explosion limit:	1,2 Vol-%
Upper explosion limit:	18,6 Vol-%
Flash point:	-41 °C (The flash-point of the mixture was not tested, but complies with the ingredient with the lowest value.)
Auto-ignition temperature:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Decomposition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
pH:	Mixture is non-soluble (in water).
Kinematic viscosity:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Solubility:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	Does not apply to mixtures.
Vapour pressure:	5200 hPa
Density and/or relative density:	~0,81 g/cm3 (Does not apply to aerosols.)
Density and/or relative density:	0,98 g/ml (Active substance)
Relative vapour density:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Particle characteristics:	Does not apply to aerosols.

9.2 Other information

Explosives:	Product is not explosive. When using: development of explosive vapour/air mixture possible.

Oxidising liquids: No

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
The product has not been tested.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
No dangerous reactions are known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Heating, open flame, ignition sources
Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.
Avoid contact with strong alkalis.
Avoid contact with strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Grundierfueller
Primer Filler

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

Dimethyl ether

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	164	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative

Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 477 (Genetic Toxicology - Sex-Linked Recessive Lethal Test in Drosophilia melanogaster)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:	NOAEC	47000	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	5000	ppm	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEC	47106	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 452 (Chronic Toxicity Studies)	Negative(2 a)
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						unconsciousness, headaches, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting., frostbite, gastrointestinal disturbances, respiratory distress, circulatory collapse

Acetone

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	5800	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>15800	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	76	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Guinea pig		Not irritant, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mammalian	OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):				Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative

Symptoms:						unconsciousness, vomiting, headaches, gastrointestinal disturbances, fatigue, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea, drowsiness
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	900	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	

n-butyl acetate

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	10760	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 423 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>14112	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	21,1	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEC	9640	mg/m3		OECD 416 (Two-generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)	Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						Negative
Symptoms:						drowsiness, unconsciousness, headaches, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEC	500	ppm	Rat		

Xylene

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	2840-3523	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>1700	mg/kg	Rabbit		

Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	21,7	mg/l/4h	Rat		Vapours, Does not conform with EU classification.
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Slightly irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:					(Patch-Test)	Negative
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, drying of the skin., drowsiness, unconsciousness, burning of the membranes of the nose and throat, vomiting, skin afflictions, heart/circulatory disorders, coughing, headaches, drowsiness, dizziness, nausea

Butan-1-ol

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	2292	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	Does not conform with EU classification.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	3430	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	24	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Skin Irrit. 2
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Dam. 1
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	References, Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Symptoms:						respiratory distress, drowsiness, unconsciousness, drop in blood pressure, heart/circulatory disorders, coughing, headaches, intoxication, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOEL	125	mg/kg bw/d	Rat		

Zinc oxide

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>15000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	> 2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5,7	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:					(Ames-Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:				Rat	OECD 416 (Two-generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, chest pain (thorax pain), diarrhoea, fever, joint pain, coughing, headaches, circulatory disorders, metal fume fever, muscle pains, mucous membrane irritation, nausea and vomiting.

Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5,7	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact), Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:						Analogous conclusion, Negative

Carcinogenicity:						Analogous conclusion, Negative
Reproductive toxicity:						Analogous conclusion, Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						Analogous conclusion, No
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						Analogous conclusion, No
Aspiration hazard:						n.a.
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, fever, headaches, stomach pain, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE), inhalative:						Not irritant (respiratory tract)., Analogous conclusion

Reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin)						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>11400	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Skin Irrit. 2
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Sensitising (skin contact)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Sensitising (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 472 (Genetic Toxicology - Escherichia coli, Reverse Assay)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:				Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOEL	540	mg/kg		OECD 416 (Two-generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)	
Reproductive toxicity:				Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						diarrhoea, weight loss
Symptoms:						eyes, reddened, watering eyes

11.2. Information on other hazards

Grundierfueller **Primer Filler**						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**

Endocrine disrupting properties:						Does not apply to mixtures.
Other information:						No other relevant information available on adverse effects on health.

n-butyl acetate						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Other information:						Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Grundierfueller **Primer Filler**							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties:							Does not apply to mixtures.
12.7. Other adverse effects:							No information available on other adverse effects on the environment.
Other information:							DOC-elimination degree(complexing organic substance)>= 80%/28d: No
Other information:	AOX			%			According to the recipe, contains no AOX.

Dimethyl ether							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC0	96h	2695	mg/l	Pimephales promelas		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	3082	mg/l	Salmo gairdneri		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>4,1	mg/l	Poecilia reticulata		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>4,4	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	96h	154,9	mg/l	Chlorella vulgaris		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	5	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Not readily biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-0,07				Bioaccumulation is unlikely (LogPow < 1). 25°C (pH 7)
12.4. Mobility in soil:	H (Henry)		518,6	Pa*m3/mol			No adsorption in soil.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10		>1600	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		
Other information:							Does not contain any organically bound halogens which can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.DIN EN 1485
Water solubility:			45,60	mg/l			25°C

Acetone

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Other organisms:	EC5	72h	28	mg/l	Entosiphon sulcatum		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	EC50	96h	8300	mg/l	Lepomis macrochirus		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	8300	mg/l	Lepomis macrochirus		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	5540	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	7500	mg/l	Leuciscus idus		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	6100-12700	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	8800	mg/l	Daphnia pulex	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	28d	2212	mg/l	Daphnia pulex	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	8d	530	mg/l		DIN 38412 T.9	Test organism: M. aeruginosa
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	48h	4740	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	48h	3400	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	91	%		OECD 301 A (Ready Biodegradability - DOC Die-Away Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	91	%		OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	Readily biodegradable

12.2. Persistence and degradability:		30d	81-92	%		Regulation (EC) 440/2008 C.4-E (DETERMINATION OF 'READY' BIODEGRADABILITY - CLOSED BOTTLE TEST)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-0,24			OECD 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) - Shake Flask Method)	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		0,19				Low
12.4. Mobility in soil:							No adsorption in soil.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	30min	1000	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	
Toxicity to bacteria:	BOD/COD	16h	1700	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		
Other information:	BOD5		1760-1900	mg/g			
Other information:	AOX		0	%			
Other information:	COD		2070	mg/g			

n-butyl acetate

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.7. Other adverse effects:							Product floats on the water surface.
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	18	mg/l	Pimephales promelas	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	44	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	23	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	397	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	200	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	98	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		1,78-2,3				Low
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		15,3				

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10		959	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		

Xylene							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	86	mg/l	Leuciscus idus		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	8,2	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	75,5	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	IC50	72h	10	mg/l			
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		>3				
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		0,6-15				

Butan-1-ol							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1376	mg/l	Pimephales promelas	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	4,1	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	1328	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	IC50	72h	4787	mg/l	Chlorella vulgaris	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	96h	225	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	98	%		OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		3,16				calculated value, Not to be expected
12.4. Mobility in soil:	Koc		3,471				calculated value20°C
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	17h	2476	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412 T.8	References

Zinc oxide							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not relevant for inorganic substances.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Not relevant for inorganic substances.

12.4. Mobility in soil:	Log Koc		2,2				
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1,1-2,5	ppm	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	3,31-8,062	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>320	mg/l	Lepomis macrochirus		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	1	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	0,413-0,83	mg/l	Ceriodaphnia spec.	U.S. EPA ECOTOX Database	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	0,058	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	0,17	mg/l	Selenastrum capricornutum		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	0,017	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	0,136	mg/l	Scenedesmus quadricauda	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.4. Mobility in soil:			158,5	L/kg			
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							Not relevant for inorganic substances.

Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Water solubility:							Insoluble Wasserlöslichkeit <0,1% (DIN ISO 787, Teil 3) bzw. 0,025 g Zn/l (67/548/EWG, Anh. V, C)
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	0,09	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	0,177	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	U.S. EPA ECOTOX Database	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	28,2	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	72h	11	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	0,136-0,15	mg/l	Selenastrum capricornutum		Analogous conclusion
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							Not relevant for inorganic substances.
Toxicity to bacteria:	NOEC/NOEL	4h	0,1	mg/l	activated sludge		Analogous conclusion

Reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin)

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	2,4	mg/l	Selenastrum capricornutum	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	

12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	2	mg/l	Leuciscus idus		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1,5	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	1,1	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	0,3	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	9,4	mg/l	Selenastrum capricornutum	U.S. EPA ECOTOX Database	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	96h	220	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	5	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Not readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		3,242			Regulation (EC) 440/2008 A.8 (PARTITION COEFFICIENT)	
Other information:							Contains organically bound halogens, which may contribute to the AOX value in wastewater.
Toxicity to bacteria:	IC50	3h	>100	mg/l	activated sludge		

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:
The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.
Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)
16 05 04 gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances
Recommendation:
Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Take full aerosol cans to problem waste collection.
Take emptied aerosol cans to valuable material collection.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Recommendation:
Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container.
Recycling
15 01 04 metallic packaging

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

14.1. UN number or ID number: 1950

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
UN 1950 AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
Classification code:	5F
LQ:	1 L
14.5. Environmental hazards:	environmentally hazardous
Tunnel restriction code:	D

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
AEROSOLS (TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHATE),ZINC OXIDE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
EmS:	F-D, S-U
Marine Pollutant:	Yes
14.5. Environmental hazards:	environmentally hazardous

Transport by air (IATA)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
Aerosols, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.
All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.
Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.
Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.
Danger code and packing code on request.
Comply with special provisions.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:
Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)!
This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148. All suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point.
For exceptions see Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 and guidelines for the implementation of Regulation (EU) 2019/1148.
Comply with national regulations/laws governing maternity protection (national implementation of the Directive 92/85/EEC)!
Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 1 - The following categories apply to this product (others may also need to be considered according to storage, handling etc.):

Hazard categories	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
E2		200	500
P3a	11.1	150 (netto)	500 (netto)

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 83,32 %

Observe incident regulations.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: 8
Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.
These details refer to the product as it is delivered.
Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT SE 3, H336	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H222	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H229	Classification based on the form or physical state.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H220 Extremely flammable gas.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation
Skin Sens. — Skin sensitization
STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects
Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic
Aerosol — Aerosols
Flam. Gas — Flammable gases - Flammable gas
Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - dermal
Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral
Eye Dam. — Serious eye damage
STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - respiratory tract irritation
Aquatic Acute — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II
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Grundierfueller
Primer Filler

Key literature references and sources for data:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended.
Guidelines for the preparation of safety data sheets as amended (ECHA).
Guidelines on labelling and packaging according to the Regulation (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended (ECHA).
Safety data sheets for the constituent substances.
ECHA Homepage - Information about chemicals.
GESTIS Substance Database (Germany).
German Environment Agency "Rigoletto" information site on substances that are hazardous to water (Germany).
EU Occupation Exposure Limits Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164, (EU) 2019/1831, each as amended.
National Lists of Occupational Exposure Limits for each country as amended.
Regulations on the transport of hazardous goods by road, rail, sea and air (ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA) as amended.

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to
ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
approx. approximately
Art., Art. no. Article number
ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate
BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BCF Bioconcentration factor
BSEF The International Bromine Council
bw body weight
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
DOC Dissolved organic carbon
dw dry weight
e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EbCx, EyCx, EbLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on reduction of the biomass (algae, plants)
EC European Community
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100) Effect Concentration/Level for x % effect
EEC European Economic Community
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN European Norms
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
ErCx, EμCx, ErLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on inhibition of the growth rate (algae, plants)
etc. et cetera
EU European Union
EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer
Fax. Fax number
gen. general
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP Global warming potential
Koc Adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Kow octanol-water partition coefficient
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

incl. including, inclusive
IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database
IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry
LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
Log Koc Logarithm of adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Log Kow, Log Pow Logarithm of octanol-water partition coefficient
LQ Limited Quantities
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a. not applicable
n.av. not available
n.c. not checked
n.d.a. no data available
NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)
NLP No-longer-Polymer
NOEC, NOEL No Observed Effect Concentration/Level
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org. organic
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PE Polyethylene
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
ppm parts per million
PVC Polyvinylchloride
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
Tel. Telephone
TOC Total organic carbon
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative
wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.
No responsibility.
These statements were made by:

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