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Revision date / version: 12.10.2021 / 0019

Replacing version dated / version: 22.04.2021 / 0018

Valid from: 12.10.2021 PDF print date: 13.10.2021

Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock

Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect

# Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

## Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Rust remover

### **Uses advised against:**

No information available at present.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

LIQUI MOLY GmbH Jerg-Wieland-Str. 4 89081 Ulm-Lehr Tel.: (+49) 0731-1420-0

Fax: (+49) 0731-1420-88

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:

+49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (LMR)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Skin Irrit.	2	H315-Causes skin irritation.
Asp. Tox.	1	H304-May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
STOT SE	3	H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aquatic Chronic	3	H412-Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Aerosol	1	H222-Extremely flammable aerosol.
Aerosol	1	H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

### 2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)



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#### Danger

H315-Causes skin irritation. H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H412-Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H222-Extremely flammable aerosol. H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102-Keep out of reach of children.

P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211-Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251-Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261-Avoid breathing vapours or spray. P271-Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280-Wear protective gloves.

P312-Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor if you feel unwell.

P405-Store locked up. P410+P412-Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

P501-Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal facility.

EUH208-Contains Methyl salicylate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

#### 2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any substance with endocrine disrupting properties (< 0,1 %).

In case of spreading near the ground, flashback to distance sources of ignition is possible.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### Aerosol

#### 3.1 Substances

# n.a. **3.2 Mixtures**

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119475514-35-XXXX
Index	
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	921-024-6
CAS	
content %	10-<25
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Flam. Liq. 2, H225
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
	STOT SE 3, H336
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Methyl salicylate	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119515671-44-XXXX
Index	607-749-00-8
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	204-317-7
CAS	119-36-8



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content %	0,1-<1
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 4, H302
	Skin Sens. 1B, H317
	Repr. 2, H361d
	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Specific Concentration Limits and ATE	ATE (oral): 890 mg/kg

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!

For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected!

Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

#### Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.

Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.

#### Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

### **Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses.

Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

#### Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.

Do not induce vomiting. Consult doctor immediately.

Danger of aspiration.

In case of vomiting, keep head low so that the stomach content does not reach the lungs.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

The following may occur:

Irritation of the eyes

Irritation of the respiratory tract

Coughing

Headaches

Effects/damages the central nervous system

With long-term contact:

Dermatitis (skin inflammation)

Drying of the skin.

Other dangerous properties cannot be ruled out.

In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

 $\label{eq:Symptomatic treatment.} Symptomatic treatment.$ 

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media

Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon



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Toxic gases

Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated

Possible build up of explosive/highly flammable vapour/air mixture.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

For personal protective equipment see Section 8. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Protective respirator with independent air supply. According to size of fire Full protection, if necessary.

Cool container at risk with water.

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### 6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

In case of spillage or accidental release, wear personal protective equipment as specified in section 8 to prevent contamination.

Ensure sufficient ventilation, remove sources of ignition.

Avoid dust formation with solid or powder products.

Leave the danger zone if possible, use existing emergency plans if necessary.

Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.

Ensure sufficient supply of air.

Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.

### 6.1.2 For emergency responders

See section 8 for suitable protective equipment and material specifications.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent penetration into drains, cellars, working pits or other places in which accumulation could be hazardous.

Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If spray or gas escapes, ensure ample fresh air is available.

Active substance:

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent) and dispose of according to Section 13.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

### 7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.

Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.

Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.

Do not use on hot surfaces.

Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.

Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

Use working methods according to operating instructions.

### 7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.

Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.

Store product closed and only in original packing.

Observe special regulations for aerosols!



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Observe special storage conditions.

Do not store with flammable or self-igniting materials.

Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C.

Store in a well-ventilated place.

Store cool.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limit (WEL) of the total hydrocarbon solvent content of the mixture (RCP method according to EH40): 600 mg/m3

Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C6	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane						
WEL-TWA: 600 mg/m3		WEL-STEL:						
Monitoring procedures:	-	Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)						
BMGV:			Other information: (paragraphs 84-87, El		RCP-method,			
Chemical Name	Butane				Content %:			
WEL-TWA: 600 ppm (1450 mg/m3	3)	WEL-STEL: 750 ppm (1810 n	ng/m3)					
Monitoring procedures:	- (	Compur - KITA-221 SA (549 459)						
	-	OSHA PV2010 (n-Butane) - 1993						
BMGV:			Other information: -					
Chemical Name	Propane				Content %:			
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (ACGIH)	•	WEL-STEL:						
Monitoring procedures:	-	Compur - KITA-125 SA (549 954)		•				
	- (	OSHA PV2077 (Propane) - 1990						
BMGV:			Other information: -					
Chemical Name	Isobutane				Content %:			
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (EX) (ACGI	H)	WEL-STEL:						
Monitoring procedures:	- 1	Compur - KITA-113 SB(C) (549 36	68)	•				
BMGV:			0.1 . (					
			1					

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-	alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	<5% n-hexane				
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	699	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	608	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	699	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	773	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	300	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2035	mg/m3	

Methyl salicylate						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note



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	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	20	μg/l
	Environment - marine		PNEC	2	μg/l
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	140	mg/l
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,35	mg/kg dw
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,52	mg/kg dw
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,052	mg/kg dw
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	4	mg/m3
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	213	mg/m3
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3	mg/kg bw/day
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1	mg/kg bw/day
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, local effects	DNEL	5	mg/kg bw/day
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	17,5	mg/m3
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	285	mg/m3
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	6	mg/kg bw/day

- WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany).
- (8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period).
- (8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
- \*\* = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.
- (13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.

If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.

Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.

These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.

EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

#### 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection: Protective nitrile gloves (EN ISO 374).



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Minimum layer thickness in mm:

>= 0,4

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

>= 480

Protective hand cream recommended.

The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.

The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Skin protection - Other:

Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:

If OES or MEL is exceeded.

Filter A P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white

Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.

Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.

Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

#### 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Aerosol. Active substance: liquid.

Colour: White
Odour: Characteristic
Odour threshold: Not determined

Melting point/freezing point:

Not determined Initial boiling point and boiling range:

n.a.

Flammability (solid, gas):

Lower explosive limit:

Upper explosive limit:

1 Vol-%

10,9 Vol-%

Flash point:

Not determined

Auto-ignition temperature:

Auto-ignition temperature:

Decomposition temperature:

No
>200 °C (Ignition temperature)

Not determined

pH-value:
Viscosity:
Not determined
Viscosity:
Viscos

Vapour pressure:

Vapour described (1 octahol/water).

Vapour pressure:

4500 hPa (20°C)

0,59 g/cm3 (20°C)

Not determined

Vapour density (air = 1):

Evaporation rate:

Bulk density:

Not determined
n.a.

n.a.

Explosive properties: Product is not explosive. Possible build up of explosive/highly

flammable vapour/air mixture.

Not determined

No

Oxidising properties:

9.2 Other information

Solubility(ies):

Miscibility: Not determined



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Conductivity: Not determined Fat solubility / solvent: Not determined

Solvents content: 98,2 % (Organic solvents )

Surface tension: Not determined

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

The product has not been tested.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions are known.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heating, open flame, ignition sources Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with oxidizing agents.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition when used as directed.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin						n.d.a.
sensitisation:						
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity -						n.d.a.
single exposure (STOT-SE):						
Specific target organ toxicity -						n.d.a.
repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral	
					Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute	
					Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>20	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute	
					Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute	Skin Irrit. 2
					Dermal	
					Irritation/Corrosion)	
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye	Mild irritant
_					Irritation/Corrosion)	(Analogous
					,	conclusion)



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Respiratory or skin sensitisation:	Guinea pig OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Carcinogenicity:	Sensitisation)	Negative
	OECD 414 (Prena	
Reproductive toxicity:		
	Developmental To	
On a siff a transact annual transaction in	Study)	Negative
Specific target organ toxicity -		STOT SE 3,
single exposure (STOT-SE):		H336
Specific target organ toxicity -		Negative
repeated exposure (STOT-RE):		
Aspiration hazard:		Yes
Symptoms:		drowsiness,
		unconsciousness
		,
		heart/circulatory
		disorders,
		headaches,
		cramps,
		drowsiness,
		mucous
		membrane
		irritation.
		dizziness,
		nausea and
		vomiting.
Specific torget organ toxicity		Not irritant
Specific target organ toxicity -		
single exposure (STOT-SE), inhalative:		(respiratory tract).

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	890	mg/kg			
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not sensitizising
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						acidosis,
						respiratory
						distress,
						annoyance,
						blisters,
						heart/circulatory
						disorders,
						coughing,
						cramps,
						stomach pain,
						intoxication,
						mucous
						membrane
						irritation, pain ir
						chest, sweats,
						dizziness, visua
						disturbances,
						nausea and
						vomiting.

Butane									
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes			
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat					
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella	OECD 471 (Bacterial	Negative			
				typhimurium	Reverse Mutation Test)	_			



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Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Human being	OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						ataxia, breathing difficulties, drowsiness, unconsciousness, frostbite, disturbed heart rhythm, headaches, cramps, intoxication, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	21,394	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Developm. Tox. Screening Test)	

Propane Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat	Tool mourou	110103
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	260000	ppmV/4h	Rat		Gasses, Male, Analogous conclusion
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):	NOAEC	21,641	mg/l		OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Developm. Tox. Screening Test)	
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, unconsciousnes, frostbite, headaches, cramps, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.



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Specific target organ toxicity -	NOAEL	7,214	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined
repeated exposure (STOT-RE),					Repeated Dose Tox.
inhalat.:					Study with the
					Reproduction/Developm.
					Tox. Screening Test)
Specific target organ toxicity -	LOAEL	21,641	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined
repeated exposure (STOT-RE),					Repeated Dose Tox.
inhalat.:					Study with the
					Reproduction/Developm.
					Tox. Screening Test)

Isobutane										
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes				
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat						
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	260000	ppmV/4h	Rat		Gasses, Male				
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant				
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella	OECD 471 (Bacterial	Negative				
				typhimurium	Reverse Mutation Test)					
Aspiration hazard:						No				
Symptoms:						unconsciousness, frostbite, headaches, cramps, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.				
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	21,394	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Developm. Tox. Screening Test)					

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock										
Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect										
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes			
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.			
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.			
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.			



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12.2. Persistence and degradability:		The surfactant(s) contained in this mixture complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:		n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:		n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		n.d.a.
12.6. Other adverse effects:		n.d.a.

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	-				-		Concentration in organisms possible.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	0,17	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LOEC/LOEL	21d	0,32	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	28d	2,045	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOELR	28d	2,04	mg/l	Salmo gairdneri		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	11,4	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LL50	96h	11,4	mg/l	Salmo gairdneri	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	3	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOELR	48h	2,1	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	30	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriell a subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	81	%	activated sludge	OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable, Analogous conclusion



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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	242-253			
12.4. Mobility in soil:					Adsorption in ground., Product is slightly volatile.
Other information:	AOX	0	%		

Methyl salicylate										
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes			
12.5. Results of PBT							No PBT			
and vPvB assessment							substance, No			
							vPvB substance			
12.3. Bioaccumulative	Log Pow		2,5				Not to be			
potential:							expected			
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	0,79	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 C.3 (FRESHWATER ALGAE AND CYANOBACTERI A, GROWTH INHIBITION TEST)				
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	19,8	mg/l	Pimephales promelas	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	Analogous conclusion			
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	28	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion			
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	98,4	%	activated sludge	OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	Readily biodegradable			
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	27	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	Analogous conclusion			
12.4. Mobility in soil:	Log Koc		2,346							

Butane											
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes				
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	24,11	mg/l		QSAR					
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	14,22	mg/l		QSAR					
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,98				A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).				
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance				

Propane											
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes				
12.3. Bioaccumulative	Log Pow		2,28				A notable				
potential:							biological				
							accumulation				
							potential is not to				
							be expected				
							(LogPow 1-3).				



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12.5. Results of PBT				No PBT
and vPvB assessment				substance, No
				vPvB substance

Isobutane							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.3. Bioaccumulative							A notable
potential:							biological
•							accumulation
							potential is not to
							be expected
							(LogPow 1-3).
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	27,98	mg/l			
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	96h	7,71	mg/l			
12.2. Persistence and							Readily
degradability:							biodegradable
12.5. Results of PBT							No PBT
and vPvB assessment							substance, No
							vPvB substance

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)

16 05 04 gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances

Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Take full aerosol cans to problem waste collection.

Take emptied aerosol cans to valuable material collection.

### For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Recommendation:

Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container.

15 01 04 metallic packaging

15 01 10 packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **General statements**

14.1. UN number: 1950

### Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

UN 1950 AÉROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

14.4. Packing group:

Classification code:

5F
I O:

11

14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

Tunnel restriction code:

### Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):
2.1
14.4. Packing group:







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EmS: F-D, S-U Marine Pollutant: n.a

14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

Transport by air (IATA)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

Aerosols, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.1

14.4. Packing group:

14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable



Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained. All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.

Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.

Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.

Danger code and packing code on request.

Comply with special provisions.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:

Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)! Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XVII

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 1 - The following categories apply to this product (others may also need to be considered

according to storage, handling etc.):

abbording to storage, narraining etc.).				
Hazard categories	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of	
		dangerous substances as	dangerous substances as	
		referred to in Article 3(10) for the	referred to in Article 3(10) for the	
		application of - Lower-tier	application of - Upper-tier	
		requirements	requirements	
P3a	11.1	150 (netto)	500 (netto)	

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 2 - This product contains the substances listed below:

Billedite 2012/10/20 ( Geveso III ), ruinex 1,1 art 2 11iio product contains the substances noted below.				
Entry Nr	Dangerous substances	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity	Qualifying quantity
			(tonnes) for the	(tonnes) for the
			application of - Lower-tier	application of - Upper-tier
			requirements	requirements
18	Liquefied flammable	19	50	200
	gases, Category 1 or 2			
	(including LPG) and			
	natural gas			

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC):

98,22 %

### **REGULATION (EC) No 648/2004**

30 % and more aliphatic hydrocarbons

perfumes





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National rules/regulation for the compliance with maximum quantities with regard to phosphates and or phosphorous compounds must be observed and complied with.

Observe incident regulations.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Revised sections:

2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 12

Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

### Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation	Evaluation method used
(EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT SE 3, H336	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H222	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H229	Classification based on the form or physical state.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation

 $\label{eq:asp.tox} \mbox{Asp. Tox.} \ - \mbox{Aspiration hazard} \\ \mbox{STOT SE} \ - \mbox{Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects} \\$ 

Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

Aerosol — Aerosols

Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral Skin Sens. — Skin sensitization Repr. — Reproductive toxicity

### Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

according, according to

Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately

Article number Art., Art. no.



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ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate

BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BCF Bioconcentration factor

BSEF The International Bromine Council

bw body weight

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances

and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
DOC Dissolved organic carbon

dw dry weight

e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance

EbCx, EyCx, EbLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on reduction of the biomass (algae, plants)

EC European Community ECHA European Chemicals Agency ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100)

ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100) Effect Concentration/Level for x % effect

EEC European Economic Community

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

EN European Norms

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)

ErCx, EµCx, ErLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on inhibition of the growth rate (algae, plants)

etc. et cetera EU European Union

EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer

Fax. Fax number gen. general

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

GWP Global warming potential

Koc Adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil

Kow octanol-water partition coefficient

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA International Air Transport Association IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)

IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

incl. including, inclusive

IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)

Log Koc Logarithm of adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil Log Kow, Log Pow Logarithm of octanol-water partition coefficient

LQ Limited Quantities

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships

n.a. not applicable n.av. not available n.c. not checked n.d.a. no data available NLP No-longer-Polymer

NOEC, NOEL No Observed Effect Concentration/Level

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

org. organic

PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic

PE Polyethylene

PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

ppm parts per million PVC Polyvinylchloride

REACHRegistration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)



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9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List REACH-IT List-No.

Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.

Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail) SVHC Substances of Very High Concern

Telephone Tel.

TOC Total organic carbon

UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods

VOC Volatile organic compounds

very persistent and very bioaccumulative vPvB

wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge. No responsibility.

# These statements were made by: Chemical Check Platz 1-7, D-32839 Steinheim, Tel.: +49 5233 94 17 0, Fax: +49 5233 94 17 90

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