

## Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

#### **Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect**

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Rust remover

#### Uses advised against:

No information available at present.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

LIQUI MOLY GmbH  
Jerg-Wieland-Str. 4  
89081 Ulm-Lehr  
Tel.: (+49) 0731-1420-0  
Fax: (+49) 0731-1420-88

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### Emergency information services / official advisory body:

---

#### Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:

+49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (LMR)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Skin Irrit.	2	H315-Causes skin irritation.
Asp. Tox.	1	H304-May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
STOT SE	3	H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aquatic Chronic	3	H412-Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Aerosol	1	H222-Extremely flammable aerosol.
Aerosol	1	H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II  
 Revision date / version: 22.04.2021 / 0018  
 Replacing version dated / version: 21.01.2020 / 0017  
 Valid from: 22.04.2021  
 PDF print date: 23.07.2021  
 Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock  
 Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect



Danger

H315-Causes skin irritation. H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H412-Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H222-Extremely flammable aerosol. H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102-Keep out of reach of children.

P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211-Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251-Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261-Avoid breathing vapours or spray. P271-Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273-Avoid release to the environment. P280-Wear protective gloves.

P312-Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor if you feel unwell.

P405-Store locked up. P410+P412-Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

P501-Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal facility.

Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.  
 Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

### 2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

n.a.

### 3.2 Mixtures

Aerosol

<b>Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, &lt;5% n-hexane</b>	
<b>Registration number (REACH)</b>	01-2119475514-35-XXXX
<b>Index</b>	---
<b>EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.</b>	921-024-6
<b>CAS</b>	---
<b>content %</b>	10-<25
<b>Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors</b>	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!

For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II  
Revision date / version: 22.04.2021 / 0018  
Replacing version dated / version: 21.01.2020 / 0017  
Valid from: 22.04.2021  
PDF print date: 23.07.2021  
Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock  
Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected!  
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

##### Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.  
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.  
If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.

##### Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

##### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.  
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

##### Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.  
Do not induce vomiting. Consult doctor immediately.  
Danger of aspiration.  
In case of vomiting, keep head low so that the stomach content does not reach the lungs.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.  
The following may occur:

Irritation of the eyes  
Irritation of the respiratory tract  
Coughing  
Headaches  
Effects/damages the central nervous system

With long-term contact:  
Dermatitis (skin inflammation)  
Drying of the skin.

Other dangerous properties cannot be ruled out.  
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

##### Suitable extinguishing media

Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher

##### Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon  
Toxic gases  
Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated  
Explosive vapour/air or gas/air mixtures.  
Dangerous vapours heavier than air.

In case of spreading near the ground, flashback to distance sources of ignition is possible.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.  
Protective respirator with independent air supply.  
According to size of fire  
Full protection, if necessary.  
Cool container at risk with water.  
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II  
 Revision date / version: 22.04.2021 / 0018  
 Replacing version dated / version: 21.01.2020 / 0017  
 Valid from: 22.04.2021  
 PDF print date: 23.07.2021  
 Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock  
 Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.  
 Ensure sufficient supply of air.  
 Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent penetration into drains, cellars, working pits or other places in which accumulation could be hazardous.  
 Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.  
 If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If spray or gas escapes, ensure ample fresh air is available.  
 Active substance:  
 Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent) and dispose of according to Section 13.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### 7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.  
 Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.  
 Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.  
 Do not use on hot surfaces.  
 Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.  
 Observe directions on label and instructions for use.  
 Use working methods according to operating instructions.

#### 7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.  
 Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.  
 Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.  
 Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.  
 Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.  
 Store product closed and only in original packing.  
 Observe special regulations for aerosols!  
 Observe special storage conditions.  
 Do not store with flammable or self-igniting materials.  
 Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place.  
 Store cool.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limit (WEL) of the total hydrocarbon solvent content of the mixture (RCP method according to EH40):  
 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane		Content %:10- <25
WEL-TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)		

GB

Page 5 of 15  
 Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II  
 Revision date / version: 22.04.2021 / 0018  
 Replacing version dated / version: 21.01.2020 / 0017  
 Valid from: 22.04.2021  
 PDF print date: 23.07.2021  
 Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock  
 Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect

BMGV: ---	Other information: (OEL acc. to RCP-method, paragraphs 84-87, EH40)
-----------	---

Chemical Name	Butane	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 600 ppm (1450 mg/m3)	WEL-STEL: 750 ppm (1810 mg/m3)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-221 SA (549 459) - OSHA PV2010 (n-Butane) - 1993	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name	Propane	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (ACGIH)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-125 SA (549 954) - OSHA PV2077 (Propane) - 1990	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name	Isobutane	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (EX) (ACGIH)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-113 SB(C) (549 368)	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	699	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	608	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	699	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	773	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	300	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2035	mg/m3	

WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany).  
 (8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period).  
 (8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.  
 \*\* = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.  
 (13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.  
 If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.  
 Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.  
 Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.  
 These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.  
 EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II  
Revision date / version: 22.04.2021 / 0018  
Replacing version dated / version: 21.01.2020 / 0017  
Valid from: 22.04.2021  
PDF print date: 23.07.2021  
Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock  
Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect

## 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.  
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.  
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.  
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374).

Minimum layer thickness in mm:

$\geq 0,4$

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

$\geq 480$

Protective hand cream recommended.

The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.

The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Skin protection - Other:

Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:

If OES or MEL is exceeded.

Filter A P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white

Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.

Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.

Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

## 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Aerosol. Active substance: liquid.
Colour:	White
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH-value:	Not determined
Melting point/freezing point:	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	n.a.
Flash point:	Not determined
Evaporation rate:	n.a.
Flammability (solid, gas):	n.a.
Lower explosive limit:	1 Vol-%
Upper explosive limit:	10,9 Vol-%
Vapour pressure:	4500 hPa (20°C)
Vapour density (air = 1):	Not determined
Density:	0,59 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (20°C)
Bulk density:	n.a.

Page 7 of 15  
 Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II  
 Revision date / version: 22.04.2021 / 0018  
 Replacing version dated / version: 21.01.2020 / 0017  
 Valid from: 22.04.2021  
 PDF print date: 23.07.2021  
 Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock  
 Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect

Solubility(ies):	Not determined
Water solubility:	Not miscible
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	>200 °C (Ignition temperature )
Auto-ignition temperature:	No
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	Not determined
Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive. Possible build up of explosive/highly flammable vapour/air mixture.
Oxidising properties:	No
<b>9.2 Other information</b>	
Miscibility:	Not determined
Fat solubility / solvent:	Not determined
Conductivity:	Not determined
Surface tension:	Not determined
Solvents content:	98,2 % (Organic solvents )

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

The product has not been tested.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions are known.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heating, open flame, ignition sources

Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with oxidizing agents.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition when used as directed.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

#### Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock

#### Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

#### Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
-------------------	----------	-------	------	----------	-------------	-------

Page 8 of 15  
 Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II  
 Revision date / version: 22.04.2021 / 0018  
 Replacing version dated / version: 21.01.2020 / 0017  
 Valid from: 22.04.2021  
 PDF print date: 23.07.2021  
 Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock  
 Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect

Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>20	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Skin Irrit. 2
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Mild irritant (Analogous conclusion)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Carcinogenicity:						Negative
Reproductive toxicity:					OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Analogous conclusion, Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						STOT SE 3, H336
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						Negative
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						drowsiness, unconsciousness, heart/circulatory disorders, headaches, cramps, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE), inhalative:						Not irritant (respiratory tract).

<b>Butane</b>						
<b>Toxicity / effect</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Organism</b>	<b>Test method</b>	<b>Notes</b>
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Human being	OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Aspiration hazard:						No



Page 9 of 15  
 Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II  
 Revision date / version: 22.04.2021 / 0018  
 Replacing version dated / version: 21.01.2020 / 0017  
 Valid from: 22.04.2021  
 PDF print date: 23.07.2021  
 Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock  
 Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect

Symptoms:						ataxia, breathing difficulties, drowsiness, unconsciousness, frostbite, disturbed heart rhythm, headaches, cramps, intoxication, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	21,394	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Developm. Tox. Screening Test)	

**Propane**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	260000	ppmV/4h	Rat		Gasses, Male, Analogous conclusion
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):	NOAEC	21,641	mg/l		OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Developm. Tox. Screening Test)	
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, unconsciousness, frostbite, headaches, cramps, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	7,214	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Developm. Tox. Screening Test)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	LOAEL	21,641	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Developm. Tox. Screening Test)	

**Isobutane**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
-------------------	----------	-------	------	----------	-------------	-------



Page 11 of 15  
 Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II  
 Revision date / version: 22.04.2021 / 0018  
 Replacing version dated / version: 21.01.2020 / 0017  
 Valid from: 22.04.2021  
 PDF print date: 23.07.2021  
 Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock  
 Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Concentration in organisms possible.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	0,17	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LOEC/LOEL	21d	0,32	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	28d	2,045	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOELR	28d	2,04	mg/l	Salmo gairdneri		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	11,4	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LL50	96h	11,4	mg/l	Salmo gairdneri	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	3	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOELR	48h	2,1	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	30	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	81	%	activated sludge	OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable, Analogous conclusion
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		242-253				
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Adsorption in ground., Product is slightly volatile.
Other information:	AOX		0	%			

Butane							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	24,11	mg/l		QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	14,22	mg/l		QSAR	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,98				A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Propane							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,28				A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Page 12 of 15  
 Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II  
 Revision date / version: 22.04.2021 / 0018  
 Replacing version dated / version: 21.01.2020 / 0017  
 Valid from: 22.04.2021  
 PDF print date: 23.07.2021  
 Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock  
 Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect

Isobutane							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	27,98	mg/l			
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	96h	7,71	mg/l			
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Readily biodegradable
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)

16 05 04 gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances

Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Take full aerosol cans to problem waste collection.

Take emptied aerosol cans to valuable material collection.

#### For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Recommendation:

Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container.

15 01 04 metallic packaging

15 01 10 packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### General statements

14.1. UN number: 1950

#### Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

UN 1950 AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.1

14.4. Packing group: -

Classification code: 5F

LQ: 1 L

14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

Tunnel restriction code: D



#### Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.1

14.4. Packing group: -

EmS: F-D, S-U

Marine Pollutant: n.a

14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable



#### Transport by air (IATA)

Page 13 of 15  
 Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II  
 Revision date / version: 22.04.2021 / 0018  
 Replacing version dated / version: 21.01.2020 / 0017  
 Valid from: 22.04.2021  
 PDF print date: 23.07.2021  
 Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock  
 Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect

14.2. UN proper shipping name:  
 Aerosols, flammable  
 14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.1  
 14.4. Packing group: -  
 14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable



#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.  
 All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.  
 Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Freight as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.  
 Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.  
 Danger code and packing code on request.  
 Comply with special provisions.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:

Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)!  
 Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XVII  
 Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane  
 Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 1 - The following categories apply to this product (others may also need to be considered according to storage, handling etc.):

Hazard categories	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
P3a	11.1	150 (netto)	500 (netto)

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 2 - This product contains the substances listed below:

Entry Nr	Dangerous substances	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
18	Liquefied flammable gases, Category 1 or 2 (including LPG) and natural gas	19	50	200

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 98,22 %

#### REGULATION (EC) No 648/2004

30 % and more  
 aliphatic hydrocarbons

perfumes

National rules/regulation for the compliance with maximum quantities with regard to phosphates and or phosphorous compounds must be observed and complied with.

Observe incident regulations.

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II  
 Revision date / version: 22.04.2021 / 0018  
 Replacing version dated / version: 21.01.2020 / 0017  
 Valid from: 22.04.2021  
 PDF print date: 23.07.2021  
 Keramik Rostlöser mit Kaelteschock  
 Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: 15  
 Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.  
 These details refer to the product as it is delivered.  
 Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

### Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT SE 3, H336	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H222	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H229	Classification based on the form or physical state.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
 H315 Causes skin irritation.  
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation  
 Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard  
 STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects  
 Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic  
 Aerosol — Aerosols  
 Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid

### Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to  
 ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)  
 AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds  
 approx. approximately  
 Art., Art. no. Article number  
 ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)  
 ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)  
 BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)  
 BSEF The International Bromine Council  
 bw body weight  
 CAS Chemical Abstracts Service  
 CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)  
 CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic  
 DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level

Page 15 of 15  
Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II  
Revision date / version: 22.04.2021 / 0018  
Replacing version dated / version: 21.01.2020 / 0017  
Valid from: 22.04.2021  
PDF print date: 23.07.2021  
Keramik Rostloeser mit Kaelteschock  
Ceramic Rust Solvent with Freeze-Shock Effect

DNEL Derived No Effect Level  
dw dry weight  
e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance  
EC European Community  
ECHA European Chemicals Agency  
EEC European Economic Community  
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances  
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances  
EN European Norms  
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)  
etc. et cetera  
EU European Union  
EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer  
Fax. Fax number  
gen. general  
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
GWP Global warming potential  
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer  
IATA International Air Transport Association  
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)  
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods  
incl. including, inclusive  
IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database  
IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry  
LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population  
LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)  
LQ Limited Quantities  
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships  
n.a. not applicable  
n.av. not available  
n.c. not checked  
n.d.a. no data available  
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  
org. organic  
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic  
PE Polyethylene  
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration  
ppm parts per million  
PVC Polyvinylchloride  
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)  
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.  
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)  
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern  
Tel. Telephone  
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods  
VOC Volatile organic compounds  
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative  
wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.  
No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

**Chemical Check GmbH, Chemical Check Platz 1-7, D-32839 Steinheim, Tel.: +49 5233 94 17 0, Fax: +49 5233 94 17 90**

© by Chemical Check GmbH Gefahrstoffberatung. The copying or changing of this document is forbidden except with consent of the Chemical Check GmbH Gefahrstoffberatung.