Safety data sheet
according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Kupferspray

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:
Lubricant

Uses advised against:
No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

LIQUI MOLY GmbH
Jerg-Wieland-Str. 4
89081 Ulm-Lehr
Tel.: (+49) 0731-1420-0
Fax: (+49) 0731-1420-88

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:
+49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (LMR)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Asp. Tox.	1	H304-May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
STOT SE	3	H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aquatic Acute	1	H400-Very toxic to aquatic life.
Aquatic Chronic	2	H411-Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Aerosol	1	H222-Extremely flammable aerosol.
Aerosol	1	H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Danger

H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H410-Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H222-Extremely flammable aerosol. H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102-Keep out of reach of children.
P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211-Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251-Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261-Avoid breathing vapours or spray. P273-Avoid release to the environment.
P312-Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor if you feel unwell.
P405-Store locked up. P410+P412-Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.
P501-Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal facility.

EUH066-Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.
Pentane

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Aerosol

3.1 Substances

n.a.

3.2 Mixtures

Pentane	**Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.**
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	601-006-00-1
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	203-692-4
CAS	109-66-0
content %	30-50
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336 Flam. Liq. 2, H225

Dimethyl ether	**Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.**
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119472128-37-XXXX
Index	603-019-00-8
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	204-065-8
CAS	115-10-6
content %	20-40
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Flam. Gas 1A, H220

Copper	

Registration number (REACH)	01-2119480154-42-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	231-159-6
CAS	7440-50-8
content %	2,5-<10
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures
First-aiders should ensure they are protected!
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

Inhalation
Remove person from danger area.
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

Skin contact
Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Eye contact
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.
Keep Data Sheet available.

Ingestion
Call doctor immediately - have Data Sheet available.
Do not induce vomiting.
Danger of aspiration.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.
The following may occur:
Irritation of the respiratory tract
Coughing
Headaches
Effects/damages the central nervous system
With long-term contact:
Dermatitis (skin inflammation)
Product removes fat.
Other dangerous properties cannot be ruled out.
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media
Water jet spray
CO2
Extinction powder
Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media
High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon
Metal oxides
Toxic pyrolysis products.
Danger of explosion by prolonged heating.
Explosive vapour/air or gas/air mixtures.
In case of spreading near the ground, flashback to distance sources of ignition is possible.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
According to size of fire
Full protection, if necessary.
Cool container at risk with water.
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.
Ensure sufficient supply of air.
Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent from entering drainage system.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If spray or gas escapes, ensure ample fresh air is available.
Active substance:
Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent) and dispose of according to Section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.
Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.
Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.
Do not use on hot surfaces.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
Store product closed and only in original packing.
Observe special regulations for aerosols!
Do not store with oxidizing agents.
Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C.
Store in a well ventilated place.
Observe special storage conditions.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

GB **Chemical Name**	Pentane	Content %:30-50
WEL-TWA: 1800 mg/m3 (600 ppm) (WEL), 3000 mg/m3 (1000 ppm) (EU)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Pentane 100/a (67 24 701) - Compur - KITA-113 SB(C) (549 368) - DFG (D) (Loesungsmittelgemische Meth. Nr. 1), DFG (E) (Solvent mixtures 1) - 1998, 2002 - NIOSH 1500 (HYDROCARBONS, BP 36°-216 °C) - 2003 - NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB **Chemical Name**	Dimethyl ether	Content %:20-40
WEL-TWA: 400 ppm (766 mg/m3) (WEL), 1000 ppm (1920 mg/m3) (EU)	WEL-STEL: 500 ppm (958 mg/m3) (WEL)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-123 S (549 129)	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB **Chemical Name**	Copper	Content %:2,5-<10
WEL-TWA: 1 mg/m3 (dusts and mists, as Cu)	WEL-STEL: 2 mg/m3 (dusts and mists, as Cu)	---
Monitoring procedures:	ISO 15202 (Workplace air - Determination of metals and metalloids in airborne particulate matter by Inductively Coupled Plasma Atomic Emission Spectrometry), Part 1-3 - 2012(Part 1), 2012(Part 2), 2004 (Part 3) - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 84-1 (2004) - MDHS 91/2 (Metals and metalloids in workplace air by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry) - 2015 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 84-2 (2004) - NIOSH 7029 (Copper (dust and fume)) - 1994 - NIOSH 7300 (ELEMENTS by ICP (Nitric/Perchloric Acid Ashing)) - 2003 - NIOSH 7301 (Elements by ICP (aqua regia ashing)) - 2003 - NIOSH 7303 (Elements by ICP (Hot block HCl/HNO3 digestion)) - 2003 - OSHA ID-121 (Metal and metalloid particulates in workplace atmospheres (Atomic absorption)) - 2002 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 84-10 (2004) - OSHA ID-125G (Metal and metalloid particulates in workplace atmospheres (ICP)) - 2002 - OSHA ID-206 (ICP analysis of metal/metallloid particulates from solder operations) - 1991	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB **Chemical Name**	Oil mist, mineral	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 5 mg/m3 (Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids, ACGIH)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Oil Mist 1/a (67 33 031)	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB **Chemical Name**	Copper, fume	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 0,2 mg/m3	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	ISO 15202 (Workplace air - Determination of metals and metalloids in airborne particulate matter by Inductively Coupled Plasma Atomic Emission Spectrometry), Part 1-3 - 2012(Part 1), 2012(Part 2), 2004 (Part 3) - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 84-1 (2004) - MDHS 91/2 (Metals and metalloids in workplace air by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry) - 2015 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 84-2 (2004) - NIOSH 7029 (Copper (dust and fume)) - 1994 - NIOSH 7300 (ELEMENTS by ICP (Nitric/Perchloric Acid Ashing)) - 2003 - NIOSH 7301 (Elements by ICP (aqua regia ashing)) - 2003 - NIOSH 7303 (Elements by ICP (Hot block HCl/HNO3 digestion)) - 2003 - OSHA ID-121 (Metal and metalloid particulates in workplace atmospheres (Atomic absorption)) - 2002 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 84-10 (2004) - OSHA ID-125G (Metal and metalloid particulates in workplace atmospheres (ICP)) - 2002	

	- OSHA ID-206 (ICP analysis of metal/metallloid particulates from solder operations) - 1991	
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---

GB Chemical Name	Butane	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 600 ppm (1450 mg/m3)	WEL-STEL: 750 ppm (1810 mg/m3)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-221 SA (549 459) - OSHA PV2010 (n-Butane) - 1993	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB Chemical Name	Isobutane	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (EX) (ACGIH)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-113 SB(C) (549 368)	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Pentane

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	880	µg/l	
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	230	µg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	230	µg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	3600	µg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	1,2	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	1,2	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,55	mg/kg dw	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	214	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	214	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	643	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3000	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	432	mg/kg bw/d	

Dimethyl ether

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,155	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,681	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,045	mg/kg	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	160	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,016	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	1,549	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,069	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	471	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1894	mg/m3	

Copper						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	7,8	µg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	5,2	µg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	87	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	676	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	65,5	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	230	µg/l	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,041	mg/kg bw/day	

GB WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.
(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

8.2 Exposure controls
8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.
Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.
These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.
EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:
Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:
Solvent resistant protective gloves (EN 374).
If applicable
Protective gloves in butyl rubber (EN 374).
Minimum layer thickness in mm:
0,8
Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:
> 120
Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374).
Minimum layer thickness in mm:
0,33

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:
480
Protective hand cream recommended.
The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.
The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Skin protection - Other:
Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:
Normally not necessary.
If OES or MEL is exceeded.
Filter A P3 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white
At high concentrations:
Respiratory protection appliance (insulation device) (e.g. EN 137 or EN 138)
Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:
Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls
No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Aerosol. Active substance: liquid.
Colour:	Not determined
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH-value:	n.a.
Melting point/freezing point:	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Not determined
Flash point:	n.a.
Evaporation rate:	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not determined
Lower explosive limit:	Not determined
Upper explosive limit:	Not determined
Vapour pressure:	250-350 kPa
Vapour density (air = 1):	Not determined
Density:	0,67 g/ml (20°C)
Bulk density:	n.a.
Solubility(ies):	Not determined
Water solubility:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	n.a.
Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive. Possible build up of explosive/highly flammable vapour/air mixture.
Oxidising properties:	No

9.2 Other information

Miscibility:	Not determined
Fat solubility / solvent:	Not determined

Conductivity:	Not determined
Surface tension:	Not determined
Solvents content:	Not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
The product has not been tested.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous reactions will not occur during storage and handling under normal conditions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting.
Heating, open flame, ignition sources

10.5 Incompatible materials
Avoid contact with oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects
Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Kupferspray

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

Pentane

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>16000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	5000	mg/kg	Mouse		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>100	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Mild irritant, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Mild irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative

Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						drowsiness, vomiting, cramps, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation

Dimethyl ether

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	164	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 477 (Genetic Toxicology - Sex-Linked Recessive Lethal Test in Drosophilia melanogaster)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:	NOAEC	47000	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	5000	ppm	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEC	47106	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 452 (Chronic Toxicity Studies)	Negative(2 a)
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						unconsciousness, headaches, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting., frostbite, gastrointestinal disturbances, respiratory distress, circulatory collapse

Copper

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	300-500	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 423 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5,11	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 436 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method)	

Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.12 (MAMMALIAN ERYTHROCYTE MICRONUCLEUS TEST)	Negative

Butane

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Human being	OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						ataxia, breathing difficulties, drowsiness, unconsciousness, frostbite, disturbed heart rhythm, headaches, cramps, intoxication, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	21,394	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Developm. Tox. Screening Test)	

Isobutane

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	260000	ppmV/4h	Rat		Gasses, Male
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Aspiration hazard:						No

Symptoms:						unconsciousness, frostbite, headaches, cramps, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	21,394	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Developm. Tox. Screening Test)	

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Kupferspray

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.
Other information:							According to the recipe, contains no AOX.

Pentane

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	9,87	mg/l	Salmo gairdneri		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	9,87	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	9,99	mg/l	Lepomis macrochirus		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	9,74	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		8d	70	%			
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		3,39				calculated value

Dimethyl ether

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC0	96h	2695	mg/l	Pimephales promelas		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	3082	mg/l	Salmo gairdneri		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>4,1	mg/l	Poecilia reticulata		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>4,4	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	96h	154,9	mg/l	Chlorella vulgaris		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	5	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Not readily biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-0,07				Bioaccumulation is unlikely (LogPow < 1). 25°C (pH 7)
12.4. Mobility in soil:	H (Henry)		518,6	Pa*m3/mol			No adsorption in soil.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10		>1600	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		
Other information:							Does not contain any organically bound halogens which can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.DIN EN 1485
Water solubility:			45,60	mg/l			25°C

Butane							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	24,11	mg/l		QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	14,22	mg/l		QSAR	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,98				A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Isobutane							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	27,98	mg/l			
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	96h	7,71	mg/l			
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Readily biodegradable
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:
The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.
Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)
16 05 04 gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances
Recommendation:
Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Approved rubbish dump for special refuse
Take full aerosol cans to problem waste collection.
Take emptied aerosol cans to valuable material collection.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Recommendation:
Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

14.1. UN number: 1950

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
UN 1950 AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.1
14.4. Packing group: -

Classification code: 5F
LQ: 1 L
14.5. Environmental hazards: environmentally hazardous
Tunnel restriction code: D

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
AEROSOLS (PENTANES)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.1
14.4. Packing group: -

EmS: F-D, S-U
Marine Pollutant: Yes
14.5. Environmental hazards: environmentally hazardous

Transport by air (IATA)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
Aerosols, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.1
14.4. Packing group: -
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.
All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.
Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.
Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.
Danger code and packing code on request.
Comply with special provisions.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:
Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)!
Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 1 - The following categories apply to this product (others may also need to be considered according to storage, handling etc.):

Hazard categories	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
E1		100	200
E2		200	500
P3a	11.1	150 (netto)	500 (netto)

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): < 87,5 %
Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): < 586 g/l

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: 3
Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.
These details refer to the product as it is delivered.
Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT SE 3, H336	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H222	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H229	Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H220 Extremely flammable gas.

Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard
STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects
Aquatic Acute — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute
Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic
Aerosol — Aerosols
Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid
Flam. Gas — Flammable gases - Flammable gas
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to
ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
approx. approximately
Art., Art. no. Article number
ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate
BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BSEF The International Bromine Council
bw body weight
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
dw dry weight
e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EC European Community
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
EEC European Economic Community
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN European Norms
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
etc. et cetera
EU European Union
EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer
Fax. Fax number
gen. general
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP Global warming potential
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl. including, inclusive
IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database
IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry
LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
LQ Limited Quantities
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a. not applicable
n.av. not available
n.c. not checked
n.d.a. no data available
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org. organic
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PE Polyethylene
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
ppm parts per million
PVC Polyvinylchloride
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern

Tel. Telephone
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative
wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.
No responsibility.
These statements were made by:

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