

## Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II (last amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

**WD-40® Specialist® Motorbike Silicone Shine**

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:**

Care product

**Uses advised against:**

No information available at present.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GB

WD-40 Company Limited  
252 Upper Third Street  
Milton Keynes, MK9 1DZ, United Kingdom

WD-40 Company Limited  
PO Box 440  
GB-Kiln Farm, Milton Keynes, MK11 3LF, United Kingdom

Tel.: +44 (0) 1908 555400  
Fax: +44 (0) 1908 266900  
E-Mail: [Compliance@wd40.co.uk](mailto:Compliance@wd40.co.uk)  
Homepage: [www.wd40.co.uk](http://www.wd40.co.uk)

WD-40 Company Limited  
Noorderpoort 93E  
NL- 5916PJ Venlo

Tel.: +31 85 487 46 91

M

Danka Import Export  
548 St Joseph High Road  
SVR 1018 St Venera

Tel.: +356 21233649  
Fax: +356 21233501  
E-Mail: [Danka@maltanet.net](mailto:Danka@maltanet.net)

Qualified person's e-mail address: [info@chemical-check.de](mailto:info@chemical-check.de), [k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de](mailto:k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de) Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency information services / official advisory body:**

M

Medicines & Poisons Info Office - Mater Dei Hospital, Msida MSD 2090, Malta - Tel.: +356 2545 6508  
Emergency Ambulance - Tel.: 112

IRL

National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9, Ireland, Tel.:

+353 (0)1 809 2166 (Public Poisons Info Line, 8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

+353 (0)1 809 2566 (Info for Healthcare Professionals ONLY, 24 h, 7 days a week)

**Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:**

+44 20 3807 3798

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Skin Irrit.	2	H315-Causes skin irritation.
Asp. Tox.	1	H304-May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
STOT SE	3	H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aquatic Chronic	2	H411-Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Aerosol	1	H222-Extremely flammable aerosol.
Aerosol	1	H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)



Danger

H315-Causes skin irritation. H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411-Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H222-Extremely flammable aerosol. H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102-Keep out of reach of children.

P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211-Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251-Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261-Avoid breathing vapours or spray. P273-Avoid release to the environment. P280-Wear protective gloves.

P312-Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor if you feel unwell.

P405-Store locked up. P410+P412-Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

P501-Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal facility.

Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane

### 2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any substance with endocrine disrupting properties (< 0,1 %).

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Aerosol

### 3.1 Substances

n.a.

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II (last amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

Revision date / version: 08.04.2025 / 0013

Replacing version dated / version: 10.02.2025 / 0012

Valid from: 08.04.2025

PDF print date: 09.04.2025

WD-40® Specialist® Motorbike Silicone Shine

### 3.2 Mixtures

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119475514-35-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	921-024-6
CAS	---
content %	40-50
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119484651-34-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	931-254-9
CAS	(64742-49-0)
content %	20-30
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119475515-33-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	927-510-4
CAS	---
content %	10-20
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!

For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

The addition of the highest concentrations listed here can result in a classification. Only when this classification is listed in Section 2 does it apply. In all other cases the total concentration is below the classification.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected!

Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

#### Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.

Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.

#### Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.

Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

#### Ingestion

Typically no exposure pathway.

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.

Do not induce vomiting - give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.

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## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

The following may occur:

Irritation of the respiratory tract

Coughing

Headaches

Dizziness

Effects/damages the central nervous system

With long-term contact:

drying of the skin.

Dermatitis (skin inflammation)

Ingestion:

Nausea

Vomiting

Gastrointestinal disturbances

Other dangerous properties cannot be ruled out.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media

CO2

Exinction powder

Water jet spray

Alcohol resistant foam

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon

Formaldehyde

Toxic gases

Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated

Explosive vapour/air or gas/air mixtures.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

For personal protective equipment see Section 8.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Protective respirator with independent air supply.

According to size of fire

Full protection, if necessary.

Cool container at risk with water.

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### 6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

In case of spillage or accidental release, wear personal protective equipment as specified in section 8 to prevent contamination.

Ensure sufficient ventilation, remove sources of ignition.

Avoid dust formation with solid or powder products.

Leave the danger zone if possible, use existing emergency plans if necessary.

Avoid contact with eyes or skin.

If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

### 6.1.2 For emergency responders

See section 8 for suitable protective equipment and material specifications.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

Prevent penetration into drains, cellars, working pits or other places in which accumulation could be hazardous.

If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If spray or gas escapes, ensure ample fresh air is available.

Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.

Active substance:

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### 7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.

Avoid inhalation of the vapours.

Avoid contact with eyes or skin.

Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.

Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.

Do not use on hot surfaces.

Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.

Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

Use working methods according to operating instructions.

#### 7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.

Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.

Store product closed and only in original packing.

Observe special regulations for aerosols!

Store in a well ventilated place.

Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C.

Store cool.

Observe special storage conditions.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

Observe the instructions for good working practice and the recommendations for risk assessment.

Consult hazardous substance information systems, e.g. from the professional associations, the chemical industry or different industries,

depending on the application (building materials, wood, chemistry, laboratory, leather, metal).

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limit (WEL) of the total hydrocarbon solvent content of the mixture (RCP method according to EH40):

1000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

GB	Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	
	WEL-TWA: 1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	WEL-STEL: ---	---
	Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)	
	BMGV: ---	Other information: (OEL acc. to RCP-method, paragraphs 84-87, EH40)	

IRL	Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	
	OELV-8h: 100 ppm (573 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) ("Stoddard solvent", [White spirit])	OELV-15min: ---	---
	Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)	
	BLV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB	Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	
	WEL-TWA: 800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	WEL-STEL: ---	---
	Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581)	

- Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)

BMGV: ---

Other information: (OEL acc. to RCP-method, paragraphs 84-87, EH40)

Chemical Name Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane		
OELV-8h: 100 ppm (573 mg/m3) ("Stoddard solvent", [White spirit])	OELV-15min: ---	---
Monitoring procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571)</li> <li>- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581)</li> <li>- Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)</li> </ul>		
BLV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics		
WEL-TWA: 800 mg/m3	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571)</li> <li>- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581)</li> <li>- Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)</li> </ul>		
BMGV: ---	Other information: (OEL acc. to RCP-method, paragraphs 84-87, EH40)	

Chemical Name Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics		
OELV-8h: 100 ppm (573 mg/m3) ("Stoddard solvent", [White spirit])	OELV-15min: ---	---
Monitoring procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571)</li> <li>- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581)</li> <li>- Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)</li> </ul>		
BLV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name Petroleum gases, liquefied		
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (1750 mg/m3) (Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG))	WEL-STEL: 1250 ppm (2180 mg/m3) (Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG))	---
Monitoring procedures: ---		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name Petroleum gases, liquefied		
OELV-8h: ---	OELV-15min: 1000 ppm (Butane)	---
Monitoring procedures: ---		
BLV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name Butane		
WEL-TWA: 600 ppm (1450 mg/m3)	WEL-STEL: 750 ppm (1810 mg/m3)	---
Monitoring procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Compur - KITA-221 SA (549 459)</li> <li>- OSHA PV2010 (n-Butane) - 1993</li> </ul>		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name Butane		
OELV-8h: ---	OELV-15min: 1000 ppm	---
Monitoring procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Compur - KITA-221 SA (549 459)</li> <li>- OSHA PV2010 (n-Butane) - 1993</li> </ul>		
BLV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name Propane		
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (ACGIH)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Compur - KITA-125 SA (549 954)</li> <li>- OSHA PV2077 (Propane) - 1990</li> </ul>		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name Isobutane		
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (EX) (ACGIH)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Compur - KITA-113 SB(C) (549 368)</li> </ul>		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name Isobutane		
OELV-8h: ---	OELV-15min: 1000 ppm	---
Monitoring procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Compur - KITA-113 SB(C) (549 368)</li> </ul>		
BLV: ---	Other information: ---	

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, &lt;5% n-hexane



Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	699	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	699	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	608	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	773	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	2035	mg/m3	

**Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane**

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1301	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1377	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1131	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	13964	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	5306	mg/m3	

**Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics**

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	149	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	149	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	447	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	300	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2085	mg/m3	

GB - United Kingdom | WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit - 8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).

(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:

(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (11) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (2004/37/EC). |

| WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit - 15-minute reference period (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).

(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:

(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). |

| BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).

(EU) = Directive 98/24/EC or 2004/37/EC or SCOEL (Biological Limit Value - BLV, Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL)) |

| Other information (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)): Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.

(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, 2019/1831/EU or 2024/869/EU:

(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (98/24/EC, 2004/37/EC), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (2004/37/EC), (15) = Substantial contribution to the total body burden via dermal exposure possible. |

**IRL** - Ireland/Éire | OELV-8h = Occupational Exposure Limit Value - 8-hour reference period (Chemical Agents and Carcinogens CoP (Code of Practice) 2024, HSA (Health and Safety Authority)): (IFV) = Inhalable Fraction and Vapour. (I) = Inhalable Fraction. (R) = Respirable Fraction.

(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:

(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (11) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (2004/37/CE). |

| OELV-15min = Occupational Exposure Limit Value - 15-minute reference period (Chemical Agents and Carcinogens CoP (Code of Practice) 2024, HSA (Health and Safety Authority)): (IFV) = Inhalable Fraction and Vapour. (I) = Inhalable Fraction. (R) = Respirable Fraction.

(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:

(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). |

| BMGV = Biological Monitoring Guidance Value (Biological Monitoring Guidelines 2011, HSA (Health and Safety Authority)):

ACGIH-BEI = BMGV have been sourced from Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) as issued by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). SCOEL = BMGV have been sourced from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limit Values (SCOEL) which was set up by a Commission Decision (95/320/EC) with the mandate to advise the European Commission on occupational exposure limits for chemicals in the workplace. HSE = BMGV have been sourced from the Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK.

(EU) = Directive 98/24/EC or 2004/37/EC or SCOEL (Biological Limit Value - BLV, Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL)) |

| Other information (Chemical Agents and Carcinogens CoP (Code of Practice) 2024, HSA (Health and Safety Authority)): Carc1A, Carc1B = carcinogenic substance, Cat. 1A or 1B. Muta1A, Muta1B = mutagenic substance, Cat. 1A or 1B. Repr1A, Repr1B = Substances known to be toxic for reproduction, Cat. 1A or 1B. Skin = Can be absorbed through skin. Asphx = asphyxiant. Sens = The substance can cause sensitisation. BOELV = Binding Occupational Exposure Limit Values. IOELV = Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values.

(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, 2019/1831/EU or 2024/869/EU:

(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (98/24/EC, 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (2004/37/CE), (15) = Substantial contribution to the total body burden via dermal exposure possible. |

**M** - Malta | OELV-8h = Occupational Exposure Limit Value - 8 h (8-hour reference period as a time-weighted average) [S.L.424.24, last amended by L.N. 356 of 2021]: [9] = Inhalable fraction, [10] = Respirable fraction.

(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:

(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (11) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (2004/37/CE). |

| OELV-ST = Occupational Exposure Limit Value - Short-term (15-minute reference period) [S.L.424.24, last amended by L.N. 356 of 2021]: [8] = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute, [9] = Inhalable fraction, [10] = Respirable fraction.

(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:

(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). |

| BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020), United Kingdom).

(EU) = Directive 98/24/EC or 2004/37/EC or SCOEL (Biological Limit Value - BLV, Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL)) |

| Other information [S.L.424.24, last amended by L.N. 356 of 2021]: Skin = Possibility of a significant uptake through the skin. [11] = When selecting an appropriate exposure monitoring method, account should be taken of potential limitations and interferences that may arise in the presence of other sulphur compounds. [12] = The mist is defined as the thoracic fraction. [13] = Established in accordance with the Annex to Directive 91/322/EEC. [14] = During exposure monitoring for mercury and its divalent inorganic compounds, account should be taken of relevant biological monitoring techniques that complement the OELV.

(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, 2019/1831/EU or 2024/869/EU:

(EU13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (2004/37/CE), (EU14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (2004/37/CE), (EU15) = Substantial contribution to the total body burden via dermal exposure possible. |

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.

If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.

Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.



These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.

EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

## 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

With danger of contact with eyes.

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Normally not necessary.

In case of direct contact with the ingredients:

If applicable

Protective nitrile gloves (EN ISO 374).

Minimum layer thickness in mm:

0,4

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

> 480

The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.

The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Protective gloves made of polyvinyl alcohol (EN ISO 374).

Protective Viton® / fluoroelastomer gloves (EN ISO 374).

Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:

Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:

Normally not necessary.

If OES or MEL is exceeded.

Filter A P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white

At high concentrations:

Respiratory protection appliance (insulation device) (e.g. EN 137 or EN 138)

Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.

Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.

Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

## 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:

Aerosol. Active substance: liquid.

Colour:

According to specification

Odour:

Characteristic

Melting point/freezing point:

There is no information available on this parameter.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:

There is no information available on this parameter.

Flammability:

Does not apply to aerosols.

Lower explosion limit:

There is no information available on this parameter.

Upper explosion limit:

There is no information available on this parameter.

Flash point:

Auto-ignition temperature:

Decomposition temperature:

pH:

Kinematic viscosity:

Solubility:

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):

Vapour pressure:

Density and/or relative density:

Relative vapour density:

Particle characteristics:

**9.2 Other information**

Explosives:

Oxidising liquids:

Does not apply to aerosols.

Does not apply to aerosols.

There is no information available on this parameter.

Mixture is non-soluble (in water).

Does not apply to aerosols.

Insoluble

Does not apply to mixtures.

There is no information available on this parameter.

Does not apply to aerosols.

Does not apply to aerosols.

Does not apply to aerosols.

Product is not explosive. Possible build up of explosive/highly flammable vapour/air mixture.

There is no information available on this parameter.

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1 Reactivity**

Not to be expected

**10.2 Chemical stability**

Stable with proper storage and handling.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

No dangerous reactions are known.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

See also section 7.

Heating, open flame, ignition sources

Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Avoid contact with strong alkalis.

Avoid contact with strong acids.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

See also section 5.2

No decomposition when used as directed.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

WD-40® Specialist® Motorbike Silicone Shine						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

**Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
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Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5840	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2920	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>25,2	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						No (inhalation and skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:						Negative
Aspiration hazard:						Asp. Tox. 1
Symptoms:						drowsiness, unconsciousness, heart/circulatory disorders, headaches, cramps, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

**Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>16750	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>3350	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	259354	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Skin Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	No (skin contact)
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEC	10560	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 416 (Two-generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)	
Aspiration hazard:						Asp. Tox. 1
Symptoms:						drowsiness, unconsciousness, heart/circulatory disorders, headaches, cramps, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

**Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5840	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	

Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2800-3100	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>23,3	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Irritant
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						diarrhoea, headaches, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

**Petroleum gases, liquefied**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5	mg/l			
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						No (skin contact)
Aspiration hazard:						No

**Butane**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Human being	OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEC	21,394	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Development Tox. Screening Test)	
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						ataxia, breathing difficulties, drowsiness, unconsciousness, frostbite, disturbed heart rhythm, headaches, cramps, intoxication, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

**Propane**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
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Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	260000	ppmV/4h	Rat		Gasses, Male, Analogous conclusion
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):	NOAEC	21,641	mg/l		OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Development. Tox. Screening Test)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	7,214	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Development. Tox. Screening Test)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	LOAEL	21,641	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Development. Tox. Screening Test)	
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, unconsciousness, frostbite, headaches, cramps, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

Isobutane						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	260000	ppmV/4h	Rat		Gasses, Male
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	21,394	mg/l	Rat	OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Development. Tox. Screening Test)	
Aspiration hazard:						No

Symptoms:						unconsciousness, frostbite, headaches, cramps, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
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## 11.2. Information on other hazards

WD-40® Specialist® Motorbike Silicone Shine						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Endocrine disrupting properties:						Does not apply to mixtures.
Other information:						No other relevant information available on adverse effects on health.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

WD-40® Specialist® Motorbike Silicone Shine							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties:							Does not apply to mixtures.
12.7. Other adverse effects:							No information available on other adverse effects on the environment.

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LL50	96h	11,4	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EL50	48h	3	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EL50	72h	30-100	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	98	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Kow		4-5,1				



12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
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Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	28d	4,09	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	EC50	96h	18,27	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	7,14	mg/l	Daphnia magna	QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	3,87	mg/l	Daphnia magna		Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	13,56	mg/l	Pseudokirchneria subcapitata	QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErL50	72h	55	mg/l	Pseudokirchneria subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	98	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable (Analogous conclusion), Analogous conclusion
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Kow		4				
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>13,4	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	28d	1,534	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	1	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	3	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	29	mg/l	Pseudokirchneria subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	6,3	mg/l	Pseudokirchneria subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	98	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Petroleum gases, liquefied							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes

12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	147,54	mg/l		QSAR	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Not to be expected
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Butane							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	24,11	mg/l		QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	14,22	mg/l		QSAR	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,98				A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Not to be expected
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Propane							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,28				A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Isobutane							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	27,98	mg/l			
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	96h	7,71	mg/l			
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)

16 05 04 gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances

Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Take full aerosol cans to problem waste collection.

Take emptied aerosol cans to valuable material collection.

### For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Recommendation:

Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container.

Recycling

15 01 04 metallic packaging

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### General statements

#### Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
UN 1950 AEROSOLS	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
14.5. Environmental hazards:	environmentally hazardous
Tunnel restriction code:	D
Classification code:	5F
LQ:	1 L
Transport category:	2



#### Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
UN 1950 AEROSOLS	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
14.5. Environmental hazards:	environmentally hazardous
Marine Pollutant:	Yes
EmS:	F-D, S-U



#### Transport by air (IATA)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
UN 1950 Aerosols, flammable	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable



#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.

All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.

Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.

Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.

Danger code and packing code on request.

Comply with special provisions.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:

Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)!

Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 1 - The following categories apply to this product (others may also need to be considered according to storage, handling etc.):

Hazard categories	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
E2		200	500
P3a	11.1	150 (netto)	500 (netto)

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 2 - This product contains the substances listed below:

Entry Nr	Dangerous substances	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
18	Liquefied flammable gases, Category 1 or 2 (including LPG) and natural gas	19	50	200

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): ~ 90,7 %

Observe incident regulations.

National requirements/regulations on safety and health protection must be applied when using work equipment.

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

## SECTION 16: Other information

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Revised sections:

1

Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

### Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT SE 3, H336	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H222	Classification based on test data.
Aerosol 1, H229	Classification based on test data.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation

Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard

STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects

Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

Aerosol — Aerosols

Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid

### Key literature references and sources for data:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended.

Guidelines for the preparation of safety data sheets as amended (ECHA).

Guidelines on labelling and packaging according to the Regulation (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended (ECHA).

Safety data sheets for the constituent substances.

ECHA Homepage - Information about chemicals.

GESTIS Substance Database (Germany).

German Environment Agency "Rigoletto" information site on substances that are hazardous to water (Germany).

EU Occupation Exposure Limits Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164, (EU) 2019/1831, each as amended.

National Lists of Occupational Exposure Limits for each country as amended.

Regulations on the transport of hazardous goods by road, rail, sea and air (ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA) as amended.

### Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately

Art., Art. no. Article number

ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate

BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (= Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BCF Bioconcentration factor

BSEF The International Bromine Council

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level

DNEL Derived No Effect Level

DOC Dissolved organic carbon

e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance

EbCx, EyCx, EbLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on reduction of the biomass (algae, plants)

EC European Community

ECHA European Chemicals Agency

ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100) Effect Concentration/Level for x % effect

EEC European Economic Community

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

EN European Norms

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)

ErCx, EμCx, ErLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on inhibition of the growth rate (algae, plants)

etc. et cetera

EU European Union

EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer

Fax. Fax number

gen. general

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

GWP Global warming potential

Koc Adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil

Kow octanol-water partition coefficient

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)

IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

incl. including, inclusive

IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database

IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry

LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)

Log K<sub>oc</sub> Logarithm of adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil  
Log K<sub>ow</sub>, Log P<sub>ow</sub> Logarithm of octanol-water partition coefficient  
LQ Limited Quantities  
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships  
mg/kg bw mg/kg body weight  
mg/kg bw/d, mg/kg bw/day mg/kg body weight/day  
mg/kg dw mg/kg dry weight  
mg/kg wwt mg/kg wet weight  
n.a. not applicable  
n.av. not available  
n.c. not checked  
n.d.a. no data available  
NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)  
NLP No-longer-Polymer  
NOEC, NOEL No Observed Effect Concentration/Level  
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  
org. organic  
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)  
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic  
PE Polyethylene  
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration  
ppm parts per million  
PVC Polyvinylchloride  
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)  
REACH-IT List-No. 6/7/8/9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.  
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)  
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern  
Tel. Telephone  
TOC Total organic carbon  
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods  
VOC Volatile organic compounds  
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.

No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

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