Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

3-IN-ONE® Heavy Duty Cleaner Degreaser

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:
Degreaser

Uses advised against:
No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GB

WD-40 Company Limited
252 Upper Third Street
Milton Keynes, MK9 1DZ, United Kingdom

WD-40 Company Limited
PO Box 440
GB-Kiln Farm, Milton Keynes, MK11 3LF, United Kingdom

Tel.: +44 (0) 1908 555400
Fax: +44 (0) 1908 266900
E-Mail: Compliance@wd40.co.uk
Homepage: www.wd40.co.uk

WD-40 Company Limited
Noorderpoort 93E
NL- 5916PJ Venlo

Tel.: +31 85 487 46 91

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

IRL

National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9, Ireland, Tel.:
+353 (0)1 809 2166 (Public Poisons Info Line, 8am-10pm, 7 days a week)
+353 (0)1 809 2566 (Info for Healthcare Professionals ONLY, 24 h, 7 days a week)

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:
+44 20 3807 3798

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Eye Irrit.	2	H319-Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin Sens.	1	H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Aquatic Chronic	3	H412-Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aerosol	1	H222-Extremely flammable aerosol.
Aerosol	1	H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

2.2 Label elements
Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Danger

H319-Causes serious eye irritation. H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction. H412-Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H222-Extremely flammable aerosol. H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102-Keep out of reach of children.
P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211-Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251-Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261-Avoid breathing vapours or spray. P280-Wear protective gloves / protective clothing and eye protection / face protection.
P314-Get medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.
P410+P412-Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.
P501-Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal facility.

Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.
Orange, sweet, ext.

2.3 Other hazards
The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any substance with endocrine disrupting properties (< 0,1 %).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Aerosol

3.1 Substances
n.a.

3.2 Mixtures

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119463258-33-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	919-857-5
CAS	---
content %	1-<10
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	EUH066 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Orange, sweet, ext.	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119493353-35-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	232-433-8
CAS	8028-48-6
content %	2,5-<5

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

2-Butoxyethanol	**Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.**
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119475108-36-XXXX
Index	603-014-00-0
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	203-905-0
CAS	111-76-2
content %	1-<5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 3, H331 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Specific Concentration Limits and ATE	ATE (oral): 1200 mg/kg ATE (as inhalation, Vapours): 3 mg/l

Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	---
CAS	68439-46-3
content %	1-<3
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Ammonia	**Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.**
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119982985-14-XXXX
Index	007-001-01-2
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	215-647-6
CAS	1336-21-6
content %	0,1-<1
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)
Specific Concentration Limits and ATE	STOT SE 3, H335: >=5 %

Impurities, test data and additional information may have been taken into account in classifying and labelling the product.
For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.
If, for example, the note P is applied for a hydrocarbon then this has already been taken into account for the classification named here.
Quote: "Note P - The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7)."
Article 4 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) was also observed and taken into account for the classification named here.
The addition of the highest concentrations listed here can result in a classification. Only when this classification is listed in Section 2 does it apply. In all other cases the total concentration is below the classification.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected!
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.
If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.

Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

Ingestion

Typically no exposure pathway.
Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
Do not induce vomiting - give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Fatigue
Mental confusion
Headaches
Dizziness
Allergic reaction
The following may occur:
Irritation of the eyes
Irritation of the respiratory tract
Coughing
Headaches
Dizziness
Effects/damages the central nervous system
Other dangerous properties cannot be ruled out.
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

n.c.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

CO2
Extinction powder
Water jet spray
Alcohol resistant foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:
Oxides of carbon
Oxides of sulphur
Oxides of nitrogen
Toxic pyrolysis products.
Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated
Explosive vapour/air or gas/air mixtures.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

For personal protective equipment see Section 8.
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
According to size of fire
Full protection, if necessary.
Cool container at risk with water.
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

In case of spillage or accidental release, wear personal protective equipment as specified in section 8 to prevent contamination.
Ensure sufficient ventilation, remove sources of ignition.
Avoid dust formation with solid or powder products.
Leave the danger zone if possible, use existing emergency plans if necessary.
Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.

Ensure sufficient supply of air.
Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.
If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

6.1.2 For emergency responders
See section 8 for suitable protective equipment and material specifications.

6.2 Environmental precautions
Prevent penetration into drains, cellars, working pits or other places in which accumulation could be hazardous.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
If spray or gas escapes, ensure ample fresh air is available.
Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.
Active substance:
Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.
Flush residue using copious water.

6.4 Reference to other sections
For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations
Ensure good ventilation.
Avoid inhalation of the vapours.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.
Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.
Do not use on hot surfaces.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace
General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
Store product closed and only in original packing.
Do not store with flammable or self-igniting materials.
Observe special regulations for aerosols!
Observe special storage conditions.
Store cool.
Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C.
Store in a well ventilated place.
Observe special storage conditions.

7.3 Specific end use(s)
No information available at present.
Observe the instructions for good working practice and the recommendations for risk assessment.
Consult hazardous substance information systems, e.g. from the professional associations, the chemical industry or different industries,
depending on the application (building materials, wood, chemistry, laboratory, leather, metal).

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters
Workplace exposure limit (WEL) of the total hydrocarbon solvent content of the mixture (RCP method according to EH40):
800 mg/m3

GB	Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

WEL-TWA: 800 mg/m3	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581) - Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)	
BMGV: ---		Other information: (OEL acc. to RCP-method, paragraphs 84-87, EH40)

IRL **Chemical Name**	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	
OELV-8h: 100 ppm (573 mg/m3) ("Stoddard solvent", [White spirit])	OELV-15min: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581) - Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)	
BLV: ---		Other information: ---

GB **Chemical Name**	2-Butoxyethanol	
WEL-TWA: 25 ppm (123 mg/m3) (WEL), 20 ppm (98 mg/m3) (EU)	WEL-STEL: 50 ppm (246 mg/m3) (WEL, EU)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-190 U(C) (548 873) - DFG Meth.-Nr. 2 (D) (Loesungsmittelgemische 3), DFG (E) (Solvent mixtures 3) - 2014, 2002 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 32-2 (2004) - NIOSH 1403 (ALCOHOLS IV) - 2003 - NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996 - OSHA 83 (2-Butoxyethanol (Butyl Cellosolve)) - 1990	
BMGV: 240 mmol butoxyacetic acid/mol creatinine in urine, post shift (BMGV)		Other information: Sk (WEL)

IRL **Chemical Name**	2-Butoxyethanol	
OELV-8h: 20 ppm (98 mg/m3) (OELV-8h, EU)	OELV-15min: 50 ppm (246 mg/m3) (OELV-15min, EU)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-190 U(C) (548 873) - DFG Meth.-Nr. 2 (D) (Loesungsmittelgemische 3), DFG (E) (Solvent mixtures 3) - 2014, 2002 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 32-2 (2004) - NIOSH 1403 (ALCOHOLS IV) - 2003 - NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996 - OSHA 83 (2-Butoxyethanol (Butyl Cellosolve)) - 1990	
BLV: 200 mg/g creatinine (Butoxyacetic acid (BAA) in urine, h) (ACGIH-BEI)		Other information: Sk, IOELV

GB **Chemical Name**	Ammonia	
WEL-TWA: NH3 25 ppm (18 mg/m3) (WEL), 20 ppm (14 mg/m3) (EU)	WEL-STEL: NH3 35 ppm (25 mg/m3) (WEL), 50 ppm (36 mg/m3) (EU)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Ammonia 0,25/a (81 01 711) - Draeger - Ammonia 0,5%/a (CH 31 901) - Draeger - Ammonia 2/a (67 33 231) - Draeger - Ammonia 5/a (CH 20 501) - Draeger - Ammonia 5/b (81 01 941) - Compur - KITA-105 SA (548 642) - Compur - KITA-105 SB (548 659) - Compur - KITA-105 SC (548 667) - Compur - KITA-105 SD (548 675) - Compur - KITA-105 SH (548 683) - Compur - KITA-105 SM (548 691) - NIOSH 6015 (Ammonia) - 1990 - NIOSH 6016 (AMMONIA by IC) - 2016 - OSHA ID-164 (Ammonia in Workplace Atmospheres) - 1988 - OSHA ID-188 (Ammonia in workplace atmospheres – solid sorbent) - 2002	
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---

IRL **Chemical Name**	Ammonia	
OELV-8h: NH3 20 ppm (14 mg/m3) (OELV-8h, EU)	OELV-15min: NH3 50 ppm (36 mg/m3) (OELV-15min, EU)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Ammonia 0,25/a (81 01 711) - Draeger - Ammonia 0,5%/a (CH 31 901) - Draeger - Ammonia 2/a (67 33 231) - Draeger - Ammonia 5/a (CH 20 501) - Draeger - Ammonia 5/b (81 01 941) - Compur - KITA-105 SA (548 642) - Compur - KITA-105 SB (548 659) - Compur - KITA-105 SC (548 667) - Compur - KITA-105 SD (548 675) - Compur - KITA-105 SH (548 683)	

- Compur - KITA-105 SM (548 691)
- NIOSH 6015 (Ammonia) - 1990
- NIOSH 6016 (AMMONIA by IC) - 2016
- OSHA ID-164 (Ammonia in Workplace Atmospheres) - 1988
- OSHA ID-188 (Ammonia in workplace atmospheres – solid sorbent) - 2002

BLV: ---	Other information: IOELV

GB **Chemical Name**	Petroleum gases, liquefied	
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (1750 mg/m3) (Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG))	WEL-STEL: 1250 ppm (2180 mg/m3) (Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG))	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

IRL **Chemical Name**	Petroleum gases, liquefied	
OELV-8h: ---	OELV-15min: 1000 ppm (Butane)	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	
BLV: ---	Other information: ---	

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	46	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	185	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	46	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	77	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	871	mg/m3	

2-Butoxyethanol

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	8,8	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,88	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	34,6	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	2,8	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	463	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	3,46	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	9,1	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	2,33	mg/kg	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	20	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	147	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	44,5	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	426	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	26,7	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	147	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	38	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	59	mg/m3	

Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	6,3	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	89	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	1091	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	246	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	75	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	98	mg/m3	

Orange, sweet, ext.						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,261	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	2,1	mg/l	
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,0054	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,00054	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	5,77	µg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	1,3	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,13	mg/kg dw	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	4,44	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	4,44	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	7,78	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,0929	mg/cm2	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	31,1	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	8,89	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,1858	mg/cm2	

Ammonia						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,0011	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,0011	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,0068	mg/l	
Industrial	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	14	mg/m3	
Industrial	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	47,6	mg/m3	
Industrial	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	6,8	mg/kg bw/day	
Industrial	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	36	mg/m3	
Industrial	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	47,6	mg/m3	
Industrial	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	6,8	mg/kg bw/day	

Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	2,8	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	6,8	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	6,8	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	23,8	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	7,2	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, local effects	DNEL	6,8	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	6,5	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	23,8	mg/m3	

GB WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.
(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

IRL OELV-8h = Occupational Exposure Limit Value (8-hour reference period). (IFV) = Inhalable Fraction and Vapour. (I) = Inhalable Fraction. (R) = Respirable Fraction.
(8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). |
OELV-15min = Occupational Exposure Limit Value (15-minute reference period). (IFV) = Inhalable Fraction and Vapour. (I) = Inhalable Fraction. (R) = Respirable Fraction.
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU. (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). |
BLV = Biological limit value |
Other information: Carc1A, Carc1B = carcinogenic substance, Cat. 1A or 1B. Muta1A, Muta1B = mutagenic substance, Cat. 1A or 1B. Repr1A, Repr1B = Substances known to be toxic for reproduction, Cat. 1A or 1B. Sk = can be absorbed through skin. Asphx = asphyxiant. Sen = Respiratory sensitizer. BOELV = Binding Occupational Exposure Limit Values. IOELV = Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values.
(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.
Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.
These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.
EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:
With danger of contact with eyes.
Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:
Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN ISO 374).
If applicable
Protective nitrile gloves (EN ISO 374).
Minimum layer thickness in mm:
0,5
Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:
480
The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.
The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.
Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:
Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:
Normally not necessary.
If OES or MEL is exceeded.
Filter A2 P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white
At high concentrations:
Respiratory protection appliance (insulation device) (e.g. EN 137 or EN 138)
Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:
If applicable, these are included in the individual protective measures (eye/face protection, skin protection, respiratory protection).

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls
No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Aerosol. Active substance: liquid.
Colour:	White
Odour:	Characteristic
Melting point/freezing point:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	n.a.
Flammability:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Lower explosion limit:	0,8 Vol-%
Upper explosion limit:	9,0 Vol-%
Flash point:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Auto-ignition temperature:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Decomposition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
pH:	~11
Kinematic viscosity:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Solubility:	Mixable
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	Does not apply to mixtures.
Vapour pressure:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Density and/or relative density:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Relative vapour density:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Particle characteristics:	Does not apply to aerosols.

9.2 Other information

Explosives:	Possible build up of explosive/highly flammable vapour/air mixture. Product is not explosive.
Oxidising liquids:	No

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
The product has not been tested.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
No decomposition if used as intended.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Heating, open flame, ignition sources
Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

3-IN-ONE® Heavy Duty Cleaner Degreaser

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>20	mg/l/4h			calculated value, Vapours
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>5	mg/l/4h			calculated value, Aerosol
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LD50	>18,5	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Human being	OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 478 (Genetic Toxicology - Rodent dominant Lethal Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 479 (Genetic Toxicology - In Vitro Sister Chromatid Exchange assay in Mammalian Cells)	Negative, Analogous conclusion Chinese hamster
Reproductive toxicity:					OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Carcinogenicity:	NOAEC	1100	mg/m3	Mouse	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Female
Carcinogenicity:	NOAEC	>= 2200	mg/m3	Mouse	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Male
Reproductive toxicity (Effects on fertility):	NOAEL	>= 3000	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 415 (One-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)	Male
Reproductive toxicity (Effects on fertility):	NOAEL	>= 1500	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 415 (One-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)	Female
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						May cause drowsiness or dizziness., STOT SE 3, H336
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						unconsciousness, headaches, dizziness, discoloration of the skin, vomiting, diarrhoea
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	3000	mg/kg/d	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	Analogous conclusion
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEC	1444	ppm	Rat	OECD 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity - 90-Day Study)	Analogous conclusion

Orange, sweet, ext.						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**

Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Yes (skin contact)
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						mucous membrane irritation

2-Butoxyethanol						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	1200	mg/kg			
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	2275	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	3	mg/l			Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.4 (DERMAL IRRITATION/CORROSION)	Skin Irrit. 2, Product removes fat.
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:				Rat	OECD 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:	NOAEC	125	ppm	Mouse	OECD 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	720	mg/kg bw/d			
Aspiration hazard:						No

Symptoms:						acidosis, ataxia, breathing difficulties, respiratory distress, drowsiness, unconsciousness, annoyance, coughing, headaches, gastrointestinal disturbances, insomnia, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	<69	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), dermal:	NOAEL	>150	mg/kg bw/d	Rabbit	OECD 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity - 90-day Study)	

Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	1378	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>20,1	mg/l/4h			
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Risk of serious damage to eyes., Analogous conclusion
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizising
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEL	250	mg/kg			

Ammonia

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	350	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	The toxicity is determined by the corrosivity of the product.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LCLo	5000	ppm	Human being		
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig		Not sensitizising

Symptoms:						asthmatic symptoms, respiratory distress, unconsciousness, burning of the membranes of the nose and throat, vomiting, cornea opacity, coughing, cramps, circulatory collapse, shock, nausea

Petroleum gases, liquefied						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5	mg/l			
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						No (skin contact)
Aspiration hazard:						No

11.2. Information on other hazards

3-IN-ONE® Heavy Duty Cleaner Degreaser						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Endocrine disrupting properties:						Does not apply to mixtures.
Other information:						No other relevant information available on adverse effects on health.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

3-IN-ONE® Heavy Duty Cleaner Degreaser							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.

12.2. Persistence and degradability:							The surfactant(s) contained in this mixture complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties:							Does not apply to mixtures.
12.7. Other adverse effects:							No information available on other adverse effects on the environment.
Other information:							According to the recipe, contains no AOX.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOELR	28d	0,13	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	72h	>1000	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EbC50	72h	>1000	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOELR	72h	100	mg/l	Raphidocelis subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	

12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOELR	72h	3	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	80	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:			5-6,7				High
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EL50	48h	0,95	mg/l			QSAR

Orange, sweet, ext.							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	96h	4,0	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	EL50	96h	2,4-3,1	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	0,7	mg/l	Pimephales promelas	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	0,67	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	48h	0,48	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	50	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	150	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	100	%		OECD 301 E (Ready Biodegradability - Modified OECD Screening Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	72-83,4	%		OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		1,502-2,597				calculated
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Product is slightly volatile.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Other information:							Does not contain any organically bound halogens which can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.

2-Butoxyethanol

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1474	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	>100	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 204 (Fish, Prolonged Toxicity Test - 14-Day Study)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	1550	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	100	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	1840	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	286	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	95	%		OECD 301 E (Ready Biodegradability - Modified OECD Screening Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	>99	%		OECD 302 B (Inherent Biodegradability - Zahn-Wellens/EMPA Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		3,2				Slight
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		0,81			OECD 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) - Shake Flask Method)	Not to be expected
12.4. Mobility in soil:	H (Henry)		0,0000016	atm*m3/mol			
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	16h	>700	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412 T.8	

Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	11	mg/l			
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	5-7	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		

12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	2,5	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	1-10	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	2,11	mg/l	Daphnia magna	QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	1,978	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	1-10	mg/l	Skeletonema costatum		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	>60	%		OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:			99	%		OECD 302 B (Inherent Biodegradability - Zahn-Wellens/EMPA Test)	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Not to be expected
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	4h	410	mg/l			Analogous conclusion
Water solubility:							Soluble

Ammonia

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	8,2	mg/l	Pimephales promelas		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	0,53	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		Anhydrous substance
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	0,66	mg/l	Daphnia pulex		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	1,16	mg/l	Daphnia pulicaria		Anhydrous substance
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	<70	%			Not readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Not to be expected
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	5min	1,16	mg/l	Photobacterium phosphoreum		Anhydrous substance

Petroleum gases, liquefied

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	147,54	mg/l		QSAR	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Not to be expected
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:
The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.
Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)
07 06 01 aqueous washing liquids and mother liquors

16 05 04 gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances
20 01 29 detergents containing hazardous substances
Recommendation:
Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
E.g. suitable incineration plant.
E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Recommendation:
Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container.
Recycling
15 01 04 metallic packaging

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
UN 1950 AEROSOLS	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
Tunnel restriction code:	D
Classification code:	5F
LQ:	1 L
Transport category:	2

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
UN 1950 AEROSOLS (NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), D-LIMONENE)	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
Marine Pollutant:	Not applicable
EmS:	F-D, S-U

Transport by air (IATA)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
UN 1950 Aerosols, flammable	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.
All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.
Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.
Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.
Danger code and packing code on request.
Comply with special provisions.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:
Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)!
Comply with national regulations/laws governing maternity protection (national implementation of the Directive 92/85/EEC)!
Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 1 - The following categories apply to this product (others may also need to be considered according to storage, handling etc.):

Hazard categories	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
P3a	11.1	150 (netto)	500 (netto)

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): < 19,4 %

REGULATION (EC) No 648/2004

5 % or over but less than 15 %
aliphatic hydrocarbons
less than 5 %
anionic surfactants
non-ionic surfactants

perfumes
LIMONENE
METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE/ METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE

National requirements/regulations on safety and health protection must be applied when using work equipment.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

EU F0009
Revised sections: 3, 11, 12, 15
Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.
These details refer to the product as it is delivered.
Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H222	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H229	Classification based on the form or physical state.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H331 Toxic if inhaled.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation

Skin Sens. — Skin sensitization
Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic
Aerosol — Aerosols
Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid
STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects
Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard
Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral
Eye Dam. — Serious eye damage
Skin Corr. — Skin corrosion
Aquatic Acute — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute

Key literature references and sources for data:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended.
Guidelines for the preparation of safety data sheets as amended (ECHA).
Guidelines on labelling and packaging according to the Regulation (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended (ECHA).
Safety data sheets for the constituent substances.
ECHA Homepage - Information about chemicals.
GESTIS Substance Database (Germany).
German Environment Agency "Rigoletto" information site on substances that are hazardous to water (Germany).
EU Occupation Exposure Limits Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164, (EU) 2019/1831, each as amended.
National Lists of Occupational Exposure Limits for each country as amended.
Regulations on the transport of hazardous goods by road, rail, sea and air (ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA) as amended.

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to
ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
approx. approximately
Art., Art. no. Article number
ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate
BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BCF Bioconcentration factor
BSEF The International Bromine Council
bw body weight
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
DOC Dissolved organic carbon
dw dry weight
e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EbCx, EyCx, EbLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on reduction of the biomass (algae, plants)
EC European Community
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100) Effect Concentration/Level for x % effect
EEC European Economic Community
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN European Norms
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
ErCx, EμCx, ErLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on inhibition of the growth rate (algae, plants)
etc. et cetera
EU European Union
EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer
Fax. Fax number
gen. general

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP Global warming potential
Koc Adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Kow octanol-water partition coefficient
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl. including, inclusive
IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database
IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry
LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
Log Koc Logarithm of adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Log Kow, Log Pow Logarithm of octanol-water partition coefficient
LQ Limited Quantities
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a. not applicable
n.av. not available
n.c. not checked
n.d.a. no data available
NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)
NLP No-longer-Polymer
NOEC, NOEL No Observed Effect Concentration/Level
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org. organic
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PE Polyethylene
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
ppm parts per million
PVC Polyvinylchloride
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
Tel. Telephone
TOC Total organic carbon
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative
wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.
No responsibility.
These statements were made by:

Chemical Check GmbH, Chemical Check Platz 1-7, D-32839 Steinheim, Tel.: +49 5233 94 17 0, Fax: +49 5233 94 17 90

© by Chemical Check GmbH Gefahrstoffberatung. The copying or changing of this document is forbidden except with consent of the Chemical Check GmbH Gefahrstoffberatung.